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SPECIAL EXCURSION. MACAO RACE MEETING. SUNDAY, 13th NOVEMBER. S.S. "TAISHAN"

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NIOBE CAPTAIN EXONERATED

SEQUEL TO COURT INQUIRY INTO SHIP DISASTER

Berlin, Nov. 3.
Captain Rührs of the German training ship Niobe has been ac-

quitted by a court martial in Kiel of the charge of neglect of duty in connection with the disaster. The court held him blameless.

The Niobe disaster occurred on July 27 when carrying a full complement of naval cadets she capsized in a squall off Kiel and sank. Out of the crew and cadets numbering 100 only 31 were saved.

DIARY OF LOCAL EVENTS.

TO-DAY

(November 10).

11th day of Rejab.
Mamak Hockey Tournament:—
Tamar v. 1st H.K.S. Battery
(Marina), 4 p.m.
Ladies' R.H.K. Golf Club, Meet-
ing at Helena May Institute, 11
a.m.
Meeting of Legislative Council,
2.30 p.m.
Tait's Manila Carnival, Kow-
loon.
Annual Hong Kong Boxing
Association Meeting.
Theosophical Society Meet, 6 p.m.
Lammert's Sale of Postage
Stamps, 5.15 p.m.

Theatres.

Oriental: "Yellow Ticket."
Queen's: "Innocents of Chicago."
King's: "Sunshine Susie."
Star: "The Rosary."
Central: "Night World."

Dances:—Tea Dances at King's
Restaurant and Hong Kong Hotel;
Dinner Dances at Peninsula and
Hong Kong Hotels and King's
Restaurant.

Sunrise: 6.33 a.m.; Sunset: 5.42
p.m.
Tides:—High at 7.35 and 20.15;
Low at 1.15 and 13.15.

FRIDAY

(November 11).

12th day of Rejab.
Armistice Day.
St. Martin (Martinmas).
King Victor of Emmanuel III. of
Italy born, 1869.

Service in St. John's Cathedral,
9.30 a.m.
Ceremony and Laying of Wreaths
at Cenotaph, 11 a.m.

Charity Football Match. Prob-
able Interport team v. The "Rest"
on Club ground, 4 p.m. Gate in
aid of Earl Haig's Fund.

Mamak Hockey Tournament:—
"Incognitos" v. Phoenix (Naval
ground), 3.30 p.m.; 12th Battery
v. Royal Signals (Sookpoo), 4.15
p.m.; R.A.M.C. v. Radio (Caroline
Hill), 4 p.m.

Kowloon Chess Club Meet.
Ex-Active Service Men's Dinner
and Smoking Concert at the Penin-
sula Hotel, 8.30 p.m.

Queen's: "The Innocents of
Chicago."

Theatres.

King's: "Deadlock."
Queen's: "Innocents of Chicago."
Star: "The Ghost Train."
Central: "Night World."
Oriental: "The Yellow Ticket."

Dances:—Tea Dances at Gloucester,
King's Restaurant and Hong
Kong Hotel; Dinner Dances at
Hong Kong Hotel; King's Restau-
rant; Peninsula Hotel, and Gloucester.

Sunrise: 6.34 a.m.; Sunset: 5.42
p.m.
Tides:—High at 8.30 and 20.25;
Low at 2.01 and 13.41.

Inward:—Europe via Negapatam
by Kator Maru.

Principal Mails.

Outward:—Australia by Teru-
kuni Maru, 11 a.m.; Europe via
Marseilles by Terukuni Maru, noon.
Canada, U.S.A., C. and S. America
and Europe:—via Victoria and
Europe via Siberia by President
Madison, noon.

PRIEST RUNS A TOTE CLUB

"MY MEN GET A SQUARE
DEAL NOW"

A tote club organised by a Roman
Catholic priest, Father Carless, rec-
tor of St. Ann's Church, Berwick-
road, Custom House, in the heart
of dockland and a stone's throw
from the West Ham Greyhound Rac-
ing Stadium, was opened by Alder-
man Hollings, chairman of the West
Ham Education Committee.

The Berwick-road tote club has al-
ready a membership of more than
1,200, including 200 women. The
men are lockers and other working
men belonging to St. Ann's Social
Club, which Father Carless has or-
ganised and developed.

Cost £11,000.

He started his club in a tiny tin
hut nine years ago. St. Ann's Club
is a spacious building with a fully
licensed bar, dance hall, concert
room, a roof garden, an open-air
boxing arena seating 3,000, a first-
class kitchen and facilities for hot
baths. Membership for the tote costs
1s. a year.

"Nearly all our members back
horses and dogs," said Father Car-
less to a *Daily Express* representa-
tive. "It is one of their pastimes—
legitimate pastimes in my opinion.
I wanted to see them get as fair a
chance as possible. That is why I
organised this tote club. Under the
tote the men who risk their hard-
earned money will be the ones who
will get most of it back."

"The profits will be used first to
pay for the club itself, which has
cost £11,000, and later to improve
their social life."

"It may seem to some an unorthodox
move for a clergyman to orga-
nise a gambling club, but my men
were gambling in the streets, and I
wanted to see that they got a square
deal. They are getting it now un-
der the tote."

ROYAL SCEPTRE GIFT

PAGAN KING'S HOMAGE TO
SAINTE THERESE

Paris, Oct. 10.—A Royal sceptre
offered in homage to Sainte Therese
has just been placed in the Theres-
ian Museum of Lisieux, Normandy.
The donor is a native ruler in
Africa, Zounon Medje, "King of the
Night," of Porto Novo, Dahomey.
The sceptre is of ebony, decorated
with silver, and was accepted by
Monsieur Francois Picard, Bishop
of Lisieux.

King Zounon Medje, though a pa-
gan, is a great admirer of Sainte
Therese, and this gift is an expres-
sion of gratitude for the humanita-
rian work done by the Carmelite
Order in his kingdom.

B.M.A.'S NEW MEDICAL SECRETARY

ATHLETE AND SURGEON.

Dr. G. C. Anderson, deputy medi-
cal secretary of the British Medical
Association since 1919, has succeed-
ed to the post of medical secretary
of the association upon the retire-
ment of Dr. Alfred Cox.

Before joining the central staff of
the association, Dr. Anderson had
considerable experience in general
practice in Fife, and was medi-
cal superintendent of the Wemyss
Memorial Hospital.

During the war he was surgeon
specialist to the 68th General Hos-
pital in Egypt and in Palestine.
In his younger days Dr. Anderson
was an all-round athlete, winning
the Rosebery Cup for the best all-
round athlete.

TAX GATHERING IN NIGERIA

ALARM THAT ENDED IN
COMEDY

MONEY CHARM OF A
GRAMOPHONE

Onitsha (Nigeria).—I was tired.
I had been talking most of the day
—threats, curses, wheelings, praise,
all directed to one end, to get this
backward Pagan area in which I
had been touring to pay their taxes.

For several days the various ham-
let Heads had been coming to me
and explaining the most wonderful
and amazing things that had hap-
pened to them and their villages,
and how they were unable to com-
plete the payment that day, but,
assuredly as the sun would set, they
would bring in their tax to-morrow
evening.

They would come as arranged, but
unfortunately another amazing ex-
perience would have befallen them
which had prevented them bringing
in the promised money.

After several days of this my
patience was as sorely strained as
was their ingenuity in finding fresh
excuses. I was sitting outside my
rest-house in the evening, when a
messenger arrived with the English
mail. Inside a bulky parcel I
found some gramophone records. As
luck would have it, I had my gram-
ophone with me on tour, though I
had never played it. I knew all the
scratched and dusty collection of
records by heart.

Stealthy Figures.

Later that evening while I was
trying the new records, I saw a
dusky form stealing stealthily amid
the shadows at the further end of
the compound. I gazed intently and
saw another, then another; in short,
there were a great many noiseless
forms creeping about in the dark.

Not quite sure what it was all
about, I called my boy, but without
avail. No help was at hand, so I
retired inside and barricaded the
open mud doorways. I saw that my
revolver was loaded and that spare
rounds were close at hand.

Now that I came to think it over,
perhaps I had been a little abrupt
and incredulous of their latest ex-
cuses. That was the reason, of
course.

I am not a brave man, and it was
therefore with a feeling of relief
that I discovered next morning that
I had not been murdered. In fact,
after breakfast, I was feeling very
much alive, so I bravely inquired
of the village Head what the
meaning was of last night's episode.

Magic Box.

At first he denied all knowledge,
but later admitted that certain
braves of the village had crept up to
listen to my "Magic-Box-that-sang."
Seizing this as a heaven-sent in-
spiration, I explained to him that
my Magic-Box would sing again to-
night if "so much" of the tax were
forthcoming.

In three days I had the whole of
the tax collected.

The tribe I had been visiting had
been noted for its lawlessness, so not
long afterwards I was again in the
area. To my amused surprise, I
found many of the people peacefully
employed in making wooden-boxes,
which they filled with stones that
rattled when they turned a handle.

This music may not have had the
subtlety of electrical recordings, but
assuredly it had "charms to soothe
the savage breast."—*London Morn-
ing Post.*

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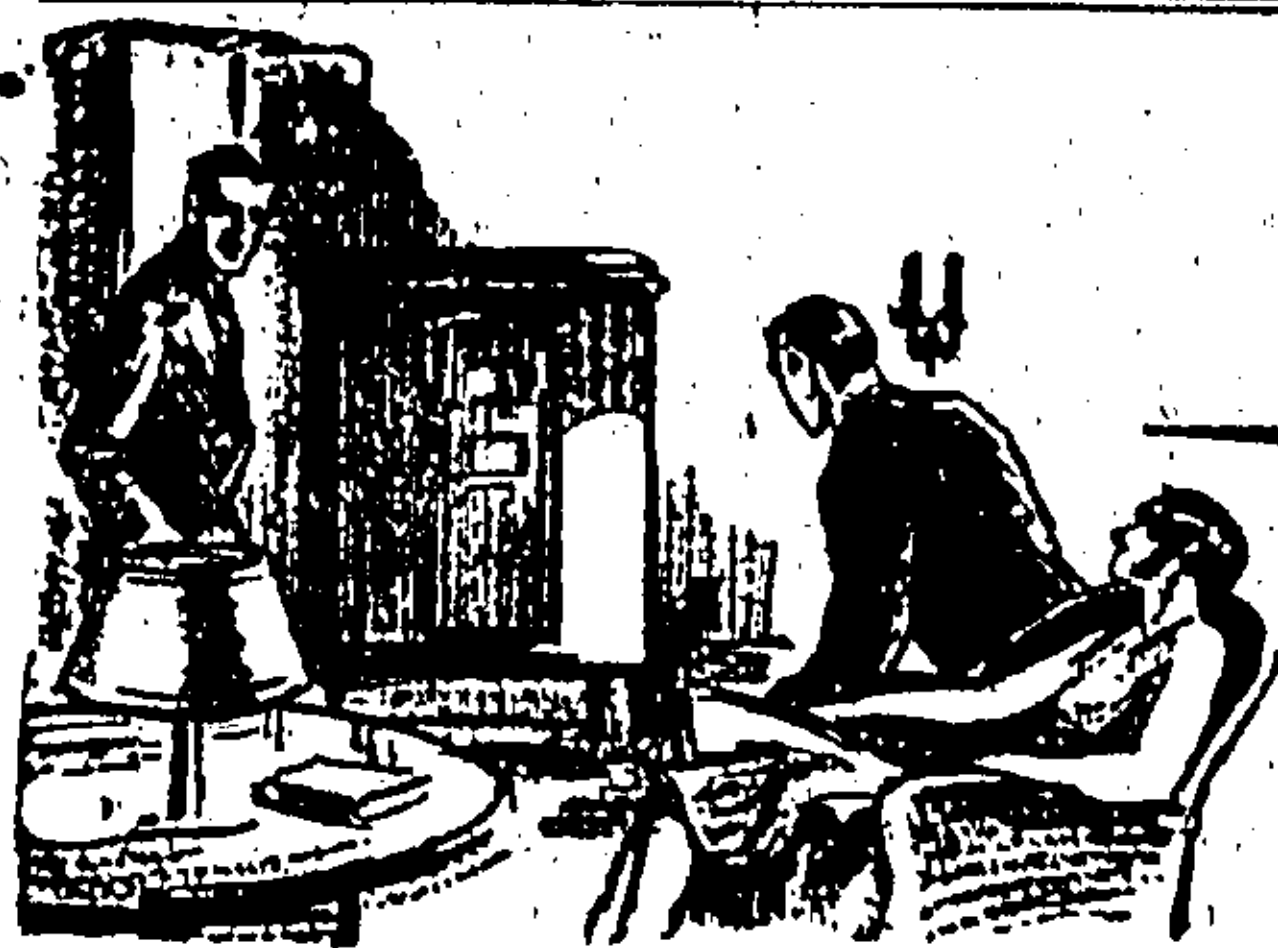
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RADIO FEATURES



WHAT I SAW AT OLYMPIA

SOME VIVID IMPRESSIONS OF A MAGNIFICENT SHOW

[BY A "P.W." TECHNICIAN]

At the R.I. stand I came across my first "officially approved" school set. Indeed, I fancy it was the only one exhibited, although there may have been others which escaped my attention by not being prominently featured.

This R.I. production is a standard three-valve R.I. Madrigal built into a special cabinet which can be locked right up so that inquisitive, youthful fingers cannot get at any of its controls. The cabinet is a stout and serviceable affair, as is fitting for its appointed purpose.

A Spendid "Super."

I liked the R.I. super-het. set. It is a sound proposition, and is built into a fine piece of cabinet craftsmanship. A particularly ingenious feature is that it has an automatic indicator. There is an aperture which shows nothing but the word "off" when the switch is operated appropriately. Turn the switch to "long waves," and the long-wave scale comes into evidence. Another touch of the switch and the medium-wave calibrations pop into view. A fourth switch operation and the word "gram," to denote that the set is over to gramophone record reproduction, replaces the wave-length scale.

The interior of the set is laid out in accordance with the latest all-metal chassis ideas. There are no straggling wires or oddly naked components to be seen.

The R.I. stand attendants were pleased with the success of their super. They had already booked a number of valuable orders.

The Mullard display was both dignified and interesting. The actual stand was decorated in a kind of marble and silver effect. There were large scale models of Mullard valves by which the internal constructions could be closely studied.

There appeared to be much attention paid by visitors in the variable-mu types of H.F. valve shown. I stood near a group of enthusiasts who were discussing these. It was quickly apparent that a kind of magic is attributed to the variable-mu by some! Actually, of course, it is a quite straightforward technical development, and there is no fundamental difference between a variable-mu and any other S.G. valve. Nevertheless, it is none the less an important development for that. Just how important it is can be gauged from the number of commercial sets in which it is now incorporated.

If there are any readers who chance to think of the variable-mu as a sort of stunt, I hope they will refer back to our detailed descriptions of the new season's sets and note the names of the firms who have been quick to appreciate the value of the variable-mu as an aid to better radio.

Very Easy to Build

Among others, there is for instance, the G.E.C. There is a variable-mu H.F. valve in the Geophone "Viking" A.C. set. The G.E.C., I noted, are also making a feature of the S.G. detector. It figures in the "Nomad," a set for D.C. mains working. The "Nomad" has no less than three S.G. valves, for there are also two S.G. amplifiers.

At the G.E.C. stand there was a demonstration illustrating the ease with which the Osram Four and Osram. Thirty-three "Music-Magnets" can be assembled.

The Osram Thirty-three makes up into a complete battery set with a self-contained loudspeaker and accommodation for the batteries in the handsome cabinet. This last is of bakelite.

As with the older "Music-Magnet" Four, the Thirty-three is very simple to put together, because its components are grouped cunningly into units. But, besides facilitating construction, this practice also makes for efficiency at a point which deserves not to be overlooked.

There was also a demonstration of set assembly at the Peto-Scott stand, where a man was working within a screen comprising a huge wiring diagram. By the way, I must pay a special tribute to Peto-Scott for the recognition they have afforded the inventor of the short-wave adaptor idea.

They call their short-wave adaptor a Kelsey Adaptor, and thus give full credit to the man who originated the scheme of transforming an ordinary broadcast set into a short-waver merely by plugging in a simple unit.

"P.W.s" Idea.

It is far and away the most successful scheme which ever issued from the laboratories of Popular Wireless.

I noticed that the Peto-Scott constructor envelopes were being handed out at a most encouraging rate, and the same applies to an excellent book, "How to Build Four Short-Wave Receivers."

Close to Peto-Scott sat the glittering Robot about which so many marvellous stories have been circulated. From these one would tend to gather that Mr. Robot is nearly human. He is as big as a man, and he sits on a metal base menacingly glaring before him.

When he speaks his mouth opens and closes with the sounds which issue from it. At a word of command he will raise either arm or will even stand up. When I saw him—he was—sombrely—and in a somewhat monotonous tone of voice, reciting truisms regarding Mullard valves.

I did not see him and hear him reading from a book or newspaper

as it is said he can do, but I certainly heard him answer some simple questions correctly.

Let me record a little of the conversation among the spectators that I overheard.

"They say it works with a kind of talkie thing inside it. Sound on film."

"Special gramophone records, I expect."

"Well, how do they know what newspaper or book he is going to be asked to read?"

"I expect that is all arranged before, don't you?"

"I wonder what goes on behind that screen there! See if you can see anything."

"No; can't see. Still, he's two or three feet away from that."

"What about that big bunch of wires that runs along the floor to the screen? Bet there's a man controlling it from there."

"I don't think it is right to make such a monster, do you?"

"No, I don't. Supposing it started to walk and they couldn't stop it!"

An excellent side-show, that robot. It was a great pity that he was allowed to work for only infrequent and short periods of time. He was quite a star turn.

An Amusing Contrast.

All the same, I wouldn't like to spend too long with him! From grim mechanism to adequate humanity squashed into a sort of big pageboy's outfit! I all but laughed as I saw the smiling uniformed attendant at the Graham Farish stand. He looked so big, boyish and friendly! But I also heaved a sigh for the Graham Farish Robot. Perhaps this grown-up pageboy (I hope he'll forgive me for that description) might have been her human big brother. Do any of you remember that Graham Farish robot at Olympia of three or four years ago?

It was a dinky little lady robot with a piquant, pleasant, smiling little face.

However, Graham Farish had other things of more serious nature to exhibit both then and this year. There were many lines of interest. Most closely coupled with the name of Graham Farish in my mind are their "Ohmite" resistances.

I always remember these with gratitude, for when they first came into prominence there were few reliable components of a similar nature in existence, but plenty which were very far from being trustworthy.

I thought the Ready Radio stand was among the most outstanding displays. It was a large stand and seemed to be packed with exhibits without having an air of crowding. The arrangement of the hundreds of constructional brochures was striking.

Mostly Kit Sets.

The main apparatus shown comprised the two three-valve kit sets, the Ready Radio "303" Kit, and the "Meteor" S.G. Three. The first is claimed to be the simplest kit set ever designed. There are only four component units to mount, and five wires to be connected. The circuit comprises that over-popular one of detector and two L.F.

On the other hand, the "Meteor" S.G. Three is, as its name indicates, a three-valve of the S.G., Det., L.F. type. It covers three wavebands, viz., short, medium and long.

The constructor will be additionally attracted to these sets by the fact that handsome walnut cabinets, with self-contained loudspeakers, are available for them.

Many and various were the methods adopted for drawing visitors' attention to individual stands. One which was both apt and intriguing drew my eyes towards the Super-stand.

I expect most of you know that the New London Electron Works

give a £100 guarantee against lightning damage with their Super-stand. Well, there was a large picture on their stand of an aerial attached to a house. Forked lightning was stabbing at this aerial with alarming frequency, but there was no need for an explosive effect—because the aerial was Super-stand!

An interestingly instructive exhibit drew my attention to the Benjamin stand. Here the already famous Benjamin Transfeda was shown sectionally. There were two points to note about this. Firstly, the object aptly illustrated that new tendency to make interiors as "clean" as exteriors.

I call it a new tendency, but, of course, I am generalising. Anyway, it is an indisputable fact that five or six years ago it was only a comparatively few firms who were so painstaking—one might almost say honest—as to devote as much care to the "innards" of radio gear as they did to its superficial appearance.

It was almost a common practice to bury the hidden parts of components in pitch compounds so that their close examination was practically impossible.

But nowadays there are concerns which deliberately invite inspection of the insides of their products so that potential customers can see for themselves that there has been no scamping. And as an instance of that we have this Benjamin Transfeda.

This device incorporates all the essential parts for parallel-fed L.F. transformer coupling, although it is a quite small article. Its separate parts, as was clearly to be seen from the above-mentioned show exhibit, are as nicely finished as though they were themselves to be exhibited and sold as individual components.

ADJUSTING WAVE-LENGTHS

NATIONAL LABORATORY'S TRANSMISSIONS

The modern extensive use of radio communication of all types demands for its success that each transmitting station shall keep very exactly to its allotted wave-length or frequency so that interference with transmissions on neighbouring wave-lengths may be reduced to a minimum. In order that those responsible for controlling these stations may be able to measure and adjust their wave-lengths, it is necessary that they shall possess measuring apparatus which may be frequently checked against some national or international standard. It was to meet this need that on behalf of the Radio Research Board of the Department of Scientific and Industrial Research waves of accurately known frequency have been transmitted for some years past from the wireless station at the National Physical Laboratory, Teddington, for checking the calibration of wavemeters and other apparatus. Up to this year some 15 different radio-frequencies were employed as being suitable for commercial purposes, and, in addition, a special standard frequency transmission was sent out to enable owners of amateur experimental transmitting stations to enjoy similar facilities.

At the present time, however, the majority of commercial radio transmitting stations on land, including broadcasting stations, use in their installation a source of oscillations, the frequency of which is accurately controlled. The vibrating tuning

(Continued at foot of next column)

TO-DAY'S WIRELESS PROGRAMME

BROADCAST BY Z.B.W. ON 355 METRES.

11 to 11.30 a.m.—Stock and exchange quotations.
11.30 a.m.—Chinese programme.
12.30 p.m.—European programme.
1 p.m.—Local time and weather report.
1.30 p.m.—Rugby mid-day Press news.
2 p.m.—Close down.
3 to 3.15 p.m.—European programme.
3 to 11.30 p.m.—Chinese Studio concert.

Orchestral.

"Salut D'Amour" (Elgar).
"Serenade" (Pierne).—Victor String Ensemble.—22033.
"Apache Dance" (Offenbach).
"La Colondrina" (Serradell).—Victor Salon Orchestra.—21035.
"The Wedding of the Painted Doll."—Victor Salon Orchestra.—22043.
5.15 to 7 p.m.—A relay of "Sunshine Susie" from the King's Theatre, by courtesy of the Management.
7 p.m.—Stock and exchange quotations.
7.03 to 7.35 p.m.—

Variety.

Piano Solo—"Intangibility."—Joe Sanders.—24033.
Song—"Isn't It Romantic."—Jeannette MacDonald.—24037.
Orchestral—"Keepin' Out of Mischief."—Coon Sanders' Orchestra.—22039.
Song—"The Poor Apache."—(Continued on next column.)

Maurice Chevalier.—24033.
Orchestral—"Neapolitan Nights."—Venetian Orchestra.—V-6.
Piano Solo—"Southology."—Joe Sanders.—24033.
Song—"Love Me To-night."—Jeannette MacDonald.—24037.
Orchestral—"I Know You're Lying But I Love It."—Coon Sanders' Orchestra.—22039.
Song—"Mimi."—Maurice Chevalier.—24033.
Waltz—"The Lovers."—Venetian Orchestra.—V-6.
7.35 to 8 p.m.—

From the Studio.

A talk by the Rev. J. N. Lewis Bryan on "Thoughts, During the Two Minutes Silence."
8 p.m.—Local time and weather report.
8.03 to 11.30 p.m.—Chinese Studio concert.
9.45 to 10.15 p.m.—A relay from the Officers' Mess, Murray Barracks, of the 1st Bn. South Wales' Borderers' Band, conducted by Bandmaster J. L. Gecks, by courtesy of the Officer Commanding.
10.30 p.m.—Rugby Press news.
11.30 p.m.—Close down.
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WORLD TRADE IN COTTON GOODS

IMPORTANT CHANGES IN DISTRIBUTION

The current Quarterly Bulletin of the Cotton Trade Statistical Bureau begins with an interesting review of the general position of the world's cotton industry and trade, in which a comparison is made between the year 1928—the last year before the present world depression started—and the first half of the present year. Figures of cloth production are not available, but the bulletin gives the movements of yarn production and of piece goods exports since 1928 as follows:—

Index of Yarn Production:	
1928=100.	
Great Britain	100
World	100
1929	102
1930	100
1931	98
1932	95
* (first half).	
Index of Cloth Exports: 1928=100.	
1928=100.	
Great Britain	100
World	100
1929	101
1930	95
1931	92
1932	86
* (first half).	

The decline in British production and exports has been greater than that of those of the world as a whole, but Japan has been able to improve on her 1928 position. While increasing restrictions in international trade have brought down the volume of world trade to a low level, the bulletin says, there have been important changes in the distribution of trade between different countries. India and Japan followed Great Britain off the gold standard, and these three countries in the first half of 1932 have between them taken a greater share of international trade, at the expense of the United States and Europe. The following table shows the value of the cotton piece goods exported by the principal countries, expressed as percentages of the total world exports:—

Percentages of Total Value of World Exports of Cotton Piece Goods.	
Great Britain	U.S.A. & India
1928 46.8	14.7
1929 44.1	17.5
1930 40.0	18.1
1931 34.4	19.8
1932 32.0	18.5
* (first half).	

The changes in the proportions of world trade enjoyed last year, and in the first half of this year by Great Britain and Japan should be noted in conjunction with the fact that, while Japan's exports increased from 700,000,000 square yards in the first half of 1931 to 713,000,000 square yards in the following half-year, and again to 915,500,000 square yards in the first half of 1932, British exports for the three periods were respectively 847,000,000 square yards, 893,300,000 square yards, and 1,147,000,000 square yards.

The corner stone laying ceremony of the Railway Officers' Memorial Monument was held at the compound of the Shanghai North Railway Station at 10 a.m. on November 3, a large number of Chinese officials and representatives of public bodies being present. The monument is in memory of the 14 railway officials who lost their lives in the recent Sino-Japanese hostilities.

AUSTRALIAN LOAN SUCCESS

QUICKLY OVER-SUBSCRIBED

London, Oct. 10.—The Australian Loan issued last month met with a most satisfactory response and the issue was quickly over-subscribed without allowing for any conversion applications from holders of the maturing 5½ per Cent. New South Wales Loan, which falls due on November 1. As it is confidently anticipated that the five-year 5½ per Cent. issue will command a premium over the price of 87½, at which it was offered either for cash or conversion, there is a strong probability that the conversion applications will be substantially larger than was thought likely when the terms of the issue were first made known. It was not thought, for instance, that so short a dated security as a four-five year loan would appeal to ordinary investment holders of the maturing 5½ per Cent. issue, but the latter is obviously now being bought for conversion purposes, dealings in it being recorded up to 100½, ex dividend.

WOMAN MOTORIST ACQUITTED

BRANDY TO RELIEVE PAIN

A charge of being under the influence of drink to such an extent as to be incapable of controlling her car was preferred at Marylebone magistrates, Miss Audrey Hare Bicker-Caarten, aged 32, of Thornewood, Palace Gate, Kensington.

A police patrol officer said that at 3.25 a.m. he saw Miss Bicker-Caarten's car zig-zagging along Baker-street at 25 miles an hour. A woman in the passenger's seat had her head on the driver's shoulder, and when Miss Bicker-Caarten alighted she staggered. At the police-station she continually asked for water and drank eight half-pint glasses.

Dr. Balder, divisional surgeon, said that the woman was under the influence of drink.

Dr. Robert M. Chance, of Clarges-street, said that he examined Miss Bicker-Caarten an hour or so afterwards, and in his opinion her condition was due to exhaustion and not to alcohol.

Miss Bicker-Caarten, giving evidence, said that she had been ill for some weeks following an operation. On this day she motored to Southampton, picked up an American friend, and drove her to a friend's house at St. John's Wood. On arriving she felt tired and ill and rested until 4.30 a.m. She then got up to drive her American friend to Kensington, and her hostess gave her a small glass of brandy, which took away the pain.

She said that she was a teetotaler. While driving the awful pain occurred, and her American friend put her arm round her to soothe her. She denied that she was under the influence of drink.

She did not mention the condition of her health to Dr. Balder, she said, because there were always as many as four men in the room during the examination.

The Magistrate said that he was not satisfied beyond all reasonable doubt, and dismissed the charge.

He expressed the opinion that where women were concerned, it would be better that the medical examination should take place in a private room.

ROCK PEOPLE OF CENTRAL AFRICA

ANCESTORS WHO FOUGHT THE ROMANS

BRITISH EXPEDITION IN THE LIBYAN DESERT

Cairo.—A little-known race known as the Rock People, whose ancestors fought the Romans 2,000 years ago, and were driven into the mountains, will be studied by a British expedition which left Cairo to explore some of the more inaccessible parts of the Libyan Desert, vast areas of which remain entirely unknown.

The expedition is led by Major R. A. Bagnold, Royal Corps of Signals, who led two previous expeditions in the Libyan Desert in 1929 and 1930, the course of the latter going through the heart of the great sea of sand dunes lying west of the Egyptian oases.

The party expect to be away for two months and to cover some four thousand miles of unknown country. The transport consists of four cars capable of carrying all supplies of petrol, water and food for 1,200 miles at a stretch. For this purpose the cars have been stripped of mudguards, bonnets, and all inessentials.

The general line of the route is along the extreme north-western areas of the Anglo-Egyptian Sudan. It is hoped that much new knowledge will be gained both of the nature of the country itself and of the little-known Garama tribesmen, the Rock People.

They inhabit the mountains of Eneidi and Eridi, in Equatorial Africa, and on the west fringe of the South Libyan Desert. They are descended from the ancient Garamantes, who figure in the classical writings for 500 years onwards from Herodotus, who mentions their four-horsed chariots. The Romans fought them in 19 B.C. and drove them south-east to their present remote hills.

The results of previous explorations show that stone implements and rock drawings are to be found in remote and now waterless parts of the Libyan Desert.

Accompanying the expedition are:—

Dr. K. S. Sandford, Oxford University, who for the last six years has been carrying out a geological survey of the Nile Valley;

Mr. W. B. K. Shaw, late of the Sudan Forestry Service, who goes as botanist and archaeologist;

Major J. E. H. Bousted, commanding the Camel Corps in the Sudan;

Captain V. F. Craig, Royal Engineers, in charge of survey and food supplies;

Lieut. G. L. Pendergast, Royal Tank Corps, who accompanied the recent Army experimental convoy to the Sudan;

Lieut. R. N. Harding-Newman, Royal Tank Corps, and

Lieut. D. R. Paterson, Royal Corps of Signals.

FRANCE "DISCOVERS" ENGLAND

RECORD NUMBER OF TOURISTS.

Paris.—A record number of French tourists visited England this summer, largely due to the activities of the Paris branch of the Travel Association of Great Britain and Ireland.

The branch organised special tours for parties, and over 3,000 visitors, mostly students, saw England in this way during September alone. The tours were made at reduced prices, and many valuable facilities were provided for visit-

A LAWLESS PART OF AFRICA

HOSTILE TRIBESMEN IN RIO DE ORO

FRANCE COMPLAINS TO SPAIN

Paris, Oct. 4.—I am informed that there is no truth in the report that negotiations are in progress between France and Spain for the cession by Spain of her African colony of Rio de Oro in exchange for the French Tangier concession, writes the *London Morning Post* correspondent. The Tangier statute is regulated by international statute, and no change can be made in it without the consent of the British, Italian, and German. It would therefore be impossible for France to offer it in exchange for another territory.

This is not the first time such reports have been circulated; they probably originated among Spanish Republicans with anti-Imperialist views who have frequently urged that Spain should get rid of her Colonies.

The question, however, has lately been given rather greater interest owing to the French military operations in the Atlas, Rio de Oro, though nominally under Spanish authority, is still largely a lawless country, and provides safe refuge for dissident tribes, some of whom have crossed over the border to escape the orderliness imposed by the French army.

Recently French airmen forced to descend in the Spanish zone have met with considerable hostility from the inhabitants, and in certain cases have actually been ill-treated. Complaints have been made to the Spanish Administration, but in view of the absence of any real authority it is impossible to retain redress or secure safety of the Europeans.

Air Service Menaced.

The only one way to clean up the region would be for the French to take over control of it, but this, of course, they cannot do as long as Spain remains theoretically in possession. As it is, the country is not only a danger for the Dakar Air Service, but the state of unrest is menacing the flank of the French occupation.

This is of special importance at the present moment in view of the critical stage which has been reached in the work of "pacification." During the year the French army has made steady progress in the Atlas, and many of the most important peaks which furnished refuge for the dissidents have been captured. Only recently 15,000 tribesmen offered their submission in a single day.

It remains, however, to consolidate the conquered positions, and, as in the Rif some years ago, the work is rendered much more difficult by the proximity of an unsubdued region such as the Rio de Oro.

It will be recalled that it was not till the French armies were allowed to co-operate with the Spanish that the resistance of Abdel Krim was finally overcome, and it would appear that the same method is required again.

ing the most interesting places that can be seen in a short time.

Until a few years ago Great Britain was about the only European country which was not officially represented by its own tourist bureau in Paris, and the present premises of the Association, which are the smallest and least conspicuous of all the national offices existing here for the same purpose, are far from adequate for the volume of work involved.

SEX "DRAGGED INTO EVERYTHING"

DOCTOR CONDEMNS MODERN ATTITUDE TO MARRIAGE

SELFISH COUPLES.

LIVES THAT LEAD TO MORE DIVORCE

The way sex is dragged into everything—conversation, books and the stage—is a reversion to barbarism. Childless marriages result among selfish people, which leads to more divorce.

The attitude of looking upon a family as a sort of crime is probably due to the children of the divorced, who lack the discipline of family life.

The doctor of to-day is much more highly educated than his predecessor of thirty years ago.

These were among the views expressed to-day by Dr. Alfred Cox, who has just retired from the medical secretaryship of the British Medical Association. Dr. Cox explained:

"By the increased education of the medical man I do not mean he is necessarily a better man practically, but he is better equipped."

"The science of bacteriology has been introduced into the study of medicine. Radiology comes into medicine and surgery. Radium baths and exercises receive much more attention than before."

"Every doctor must be a practical psychologist, but the science of psychology, the influence of mind over body, now plays a big part in a doctor's training."

"I am all for plain speaking when necessary, but I do think that the way sex is dragged into everything, conversation, books and the stage, is a reversion to barbarism."

"Unless family life and civilization are to be broken down completely, there must be a considerable revolution from it. There are, surely, still subjects that are reserved for private conversation."

"It is only quite recently that it has been realized that it is the duty of people to regulate the size of their family to the number of children they can properly support."

"The danger is that childless marriages result among selfish people, which leads to more divorce. A couple with a child or children are bound to take marriage more seriously."

Lack of Discipline.

"The want of discipline among the young, and the attitude of looking upon a family as a sort of crime, is probably due to the children of the divorced, who lack the discipline of family life."

"I look forward with anxiety to the couple who will be the first to announce their marriage and the prospective date of their divorce at the same time. I really believe it is coming to that, so indifferent is the modern attitude to marriage."

"A remarkable change in the attitude of the public towards consanguinity and other diseases has come about."

"Consumption used to be the great dread. Now it is cancer. After all, people must die, and as soon as the medical profession stamp out one disease, another comes along to take its place."

"The time when we shall only die of old age has not yet come."

"Any day we may get on the track of the cause of cancer. Once

CLUE HUNT WITH A MAGNET

POLICE PLAN TO SEARCH A SURREY POND.

Godalming (Surrey).—What was a knife doing under the floor lining of Albert Keen's lonely cottage the day after he and his wife were found dead?

Police theories incline to the possibility of a double murder. Keen, a kennelman on Sir Laurence Guillemard's estate at Shackleford, near here, was found in Cut Mill Pond, a mile or two from his cottage.

His wife was in her kitchen with fatal injuries.

The Keens, who were in their fifties, were reputed to be a happy and affectionate couple, with no children.

A cudgel has been found in Cut Mill Pond, and this, with the knife, will be submitted for analysis.

A divisional police officer said to me to-night:—

"There is a chance that there may be another weapon, or some vital clue, in the pond."

May Send Down Divers.

"We may have to send divers down, and perhaps use electro-magnets to 'fish' for a weapon."

Major Geoffrey Nicholson, chief constable of Surrey, said:—

"We are anxious to get in touch with any one who was near Cut Mill Pond between 5 p.m. and midnight last Friday."

"Any passer-by may give us extremely valuable information, and I appeal to them to come forward to help us."

Sir Laurence Guillemard, of Rod-sale Manor, stated:—

"Keen had not an enemy in the world. He was a quiet, honest workman, and his wife was a very nice woman. There was no question of unhappiness."

GANDHI LIKELY TO RESUME FAST

Bombay, Nov. 5.—Mr. Gandhi has threatened to resume the "fast unto death," which he started but broke off when his terms were granted. He says he will begin to fast again on January 1 unless the caste Hindus carry out the Pact of Poona for better treatment of the "untouchables."

Mr. Gandhi demands that the famous Temple of Guruvayoor, Malabar, S. India, be opened for "untouchables" by the New Year. As this temple is one of the strongholds of orthodoxy, the trustees of the temple are not likely to yield and it seems almost certain that he will resume his fast.—Reuter.

It is discovered, the cure will much more easily be found.

"I think people are much more credulous than they were fifty years ago."

"Electricity, wireless and radium suggest magical cures to them. A smattering of knowledge keeps them from seeking expert information."

"There is one doctor to every 1200 people in this country. We may be overworked to some extent, but we are not nearly so badly off as some Continental countries, where the excessive number of doctors is a serious problem."

"I believe that any young man or woman who is prepared to give seven years of hard work to training will find that medicine is an attractive and successful means of livelihood."

PEPPER ATTACK ON HUSBAND

TWO WOMEN CHARGED

"I tell you frankly that it was a toss-up whether you would not be sent to gaol, each for six months," said Mr. W. Spyer, the chairman of the Bench, at Hampstead to two women who were placed on probation for two years.

Mrs. Alice Hutchinson, thirty-four, living at South Hill Park, Hampstead, and Mrs. Ethel Carter, thirty-two, her sister, giving an address at Denning-road, Hampstead, were charged with being concerned together in inflicting grievous bodily harm on Hugh Hutchinson (husband of Mrs. Alice Hutchinson), by throwing a quantity of pepper in his face and striking him on the head with a hammer.

Mr. Hutchinson asked permission to withdraw the charge against his wife, saying he would rather not say anything about her.

Mr. Spyer: This is an offence against the public. We cannot allow you to withdraw the charge until we have heard the circumstances.

Mr. Hutchinson then stated that Mrs. Carter caught hold of his arm and "slung him round," and he felt a blow on the head. He managed to close with Mrs. Carter and his wife, who were together, and after getting the hammer away he succeeded in reaching the police station.

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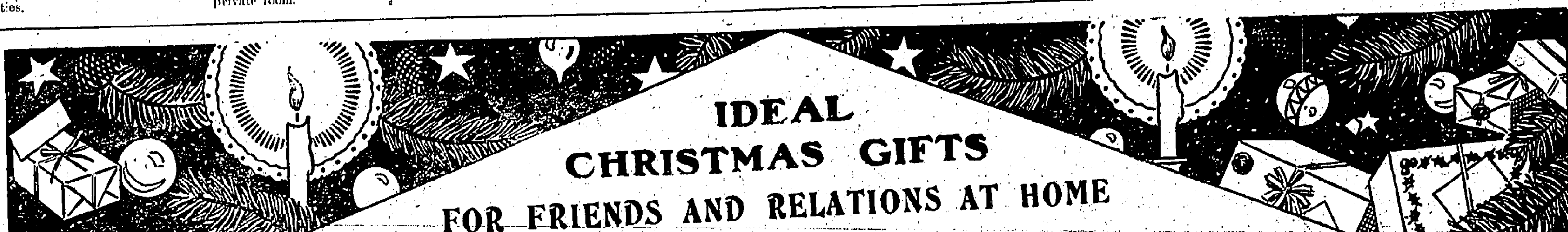
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MAIL NEWS FROM CHINA

LORDS' DEBATE ON MANCHURIA

CRITICISM BY CHINESE PRESS

Shanghai, Nov. 4.—The weighty speeches on Manchuria made in the British House of Lords on Wednesday bear witness not only to the earnest desire of Great Britain to maintain the peace of the world but also to the unwavering faith of British statesmen in the efficacy of joint international action for the settlement of such disputes as the present Sino-Japanese controversy, the *China Times*, liberal vernacular paper, declares in an editorial this morning.

The journal points out that with the exception of the United States, which has taken a firm and unequivocal stand, practically all of the other big Powers have so far adopted a non-committal attitude on the Manchurian issue.

It is extremely gratifying therefore that in the recent debate at the House of Lords, the British statesmen have come out with such frank and strong views on the question. "We have no doubt that the fair and impartial views expressed by Lord Ponsonby reflect the real public opinion in Great Britain," the journal declares.

A Crucial Test.

With the impending discussion of the Lytton Report, it continues, the League of Nations is facing a crucial test of its prestige and efficiency as a machinery of peace. The results of such test may also be taken to show whether the various big Powers are really sincere in their professed desire to maintain world peace.

After quoting the statements made by Lord Ponsonby and other British leaders, emphasizing in particular that of Lord Allen, who pressed the Government to pronounce that it would not be content with any agreement that did not require that all Powers respect international obligations, the *China Times* proceeds:

"We are convinced that the strong faith which the British statesmen have thus evinced in the efficacy of the League to settle international disputes would provide a strong and invaluable moral backing for that international machinery."

American Co-operation.

The journal foreshadows close American co-operation in the forthcoming discussion of the Lytton Report by the League Council. It points out that an American observer sat at the previous meetings of the League Council and an American member also served on the Lytton Inquiry Commission. There is therefore little doubt that the American Government will take an important part in the forthcoming discussions of the Council.

"In fact, we believe that Mr. Norman Davis (who is attending the Disarmament conference) is also entrusted with an important mission in connection with the Manchurian situation."

Concluding, the journal declares that the maintenance of world peace and prevention of further wars between nations will hinge entirely upon the results of the forthcoming League meetings.

"Sin Wan Pao" Sceptical.

The *Sin Wan Pao*, conservative vernacular daily, however is frankly sceptical.

While admitting that the statements made by Lord Ponsonby and other Opposition leaders go to the very root of the trouble and evince a very clear grasp of the situation, in the opinion of the *Sin Wan Pao* the "evanescent" reply made by the spokesman for the Government would appear to show that the British Government is not likely to change its present policy of compromise and temporizing.

The journal quotes at some length from the speeches of Lord Ponsonby, Lothian, Cecil, and Allen; but while eulogizing them for their impartiality and championship of peace and justice, it deplores how ever that they should have failed

MODEL PROVINCE IN HUPEH

CHIANG KAI SHEK'S DRASTIC METHODS

MANY OFFICIALS SHOT

Hankow, Oct. 30.—Having established the Headquarters-General of his Army at Hankow, General Chiang Kai Shek declared some time ago that he would create a model province out of Hupeh. Since then he has been ameliorating political, military and economic affairs in the province in a thorough going manner. Above all things, he is maintaining military discipline with utmost rigour. One brigadier general, two regimental commanders, more than a dozen captains and over 100 officers have been shot to death because they gave up their positions without any cause of justifying their retreat. On the other hand, those who rendered meritorious services have been highly rewarded. Reward and punishment being justly meted out in this manner, martial spirit in the camp of the Punitive Army is roused, so much so that Chinchiasai and other places, which were used by the Communists as their lairs for many years, have been taken, and Red Forces were put to rout.

At the same time, drastic improvement of administration in Wuhan regions and district governments was started. General Chiang got the district magistrates of 42 districts in the province, 20 districts having fallen in the hands of Communist forces, arrested and imprisoned on the ground of their being dull. He shot to death Chen Ku Min, Chief of the River Conservancy Board, on the charge of bribe-taking, and demanded that Hsi Yun Jang, Chief of the Public Safety Office, be put to death because he pocketed the salaries of men under him. In addition, the number of officials in the provincial government has been reduced on a wholesale scale, whilst the police in the city have been replaced with soldiers affiliated to the Right Wing, and vigorous pressure is placed on the members of the opposition party. It is believed that General Hsia Tou Yin, chief of the provincial government of Hupeh, will be relieved of his office, General Chiang's Secretary Yang Yung Tai being appointed in his stead.

His despotism is getting more and more open with the progress of days. When his foothold in Hupeh is securely established, he will remove his Headquarters to Kiangsi, Honan and Anhui one after another. His visit is given out to be for inspection, but according to a report, he took the trip for the purpose of driving out General Ho Chien, Chief of the Hunan Provincial Government.

HUPEH PROVINCIAL MINT BANNED

Hankow, Nov. 4.—The minting of coins by the Hupeh Provincial Mint is strictly prohibited by the Ministry of Finance in an order to the Hupeh Provincial Department of Finance. Coinage being the exclusive right of the Central Government, the Provincial authorities cannot be permitted to infringe upon such right, the order states.

—Kuo Min.

to take effective action to implement their convictions.

Continuing, the journal points out that the reason why the British Government has so far refrained from taking a firm and clear-cut stand is due perhaps to the fear lest it would be embroiled in war with Japan. In fact, it is largely due to this fear that the Powers have hesitated to denounce Japan as the aggressor, for that would have necessitated the application of sanctions, provided for by the international treaties.

"In their eagerness to avoid immediate complications, the Powers are apparently unaware that such a policy of temporizing will serve only to make a war inevitable in the future," the *Sin Wan Pao* concludes.—Kuo Min.

TIENTSIN-PUKOW RAILWAY

OCTOBER RECEIPTS TOTAL \$1,900,000

Nanking, Nov. 4.—Traffic receipts of the Tientsin-Pukow Railway for the month of October were nearly double that for previous months, it was learnt to-day. The gross receipts for last month totalled about \$1,900,000, being nearly \$800,000 more than previous monthly revenue.—Kuo Min.

ROAD CONSTRUCTION PROGRESSING

100 MILES COMPLETED IN KIANGSI

Nanking, Nov. 4.—Besides engaging in the task of suppressing the "Reds," it is learnt that the various Government units have made much progress in road-construction.

The 18th Army under General Chen Cheng has built more than 100 miles of highway in Kiangsi. At present it is completing the highway between Yangtze and Loan.

The 54th Division under General Hao Meng Lin at Lotien, eastern Hupeh, in co-operation with the 47th Division under General Shangkian Yun Heiang and the district governments of Chiehui and Lotien, is constructing a highway linking the two districts.

The 9th Division under General Li Yen Nien at Hsuehchow, northern Kiangsu, has completed a road leading from the Greater Eastern Gate to Waitzukai.—Kuo Min.

INDEPENDENCE OF HEILUNGKIANG

(United Press)

Changchun, Nov. 1.—The complete independence of Heilungkiang Province from the Manchukuo Government was declared by Gen. Pu Ping San on October 27, according to reports reaching here to-day. Immediately after despatching his declaration of independence to the Changchun authorities, Gen. Pu's troops, known as the "Heilungkiang volunteer Army," are alleged to have commenced the levying of heavy taxes, causing a panic amongst the inhabitants. It is claimed in official Manchukuo circles here that the Chamber of Commerce of Paicheng held a meeting at which resolutions were passed demanding that Gen. Pu surrender immediately to the Japanese Army.

UNEMPLOYED REFUGEES

Nanking, Nov. 6.—Representatives of the Ministries of War, Railways and Industry met yesterday to discuss relief measures for unemployed refugees arriving from the North-east who recently sent a delegation to the Central Party Headquarters requesting assistance.

Besides petitioning the Executive Yuan to work out a fundamental scheme of relief, it was decided at the meeting to instruct the refugees' representatives to compile a report on the condition and previous occupations of the unemployed in order to guide the Authorities in obtaining suitable work for them.—Kuo Min.

SANDSTORM AT TAIYUAN

Taiyuan, Nov. 4.—Taiyuan, capital of Shansi province, and its environs are in the grip of a severe sandstorm, which started at noon yesterday and was still blowing furiously this morning. The entire city is enveloped in a thick dust which even the sun's rays cannot penetrate.—Kuo Min.

SIR JOHN AND LADY BRENNAN

ENTERTAIN ADMIRAL KELLY AT SHANGHAI CONSULATE

Shanghai, Nov. 2.—A very enjoyable evening was spent at H.B.M. Consulate-General yesterday when Sir John and Lady Brennan gave a dance in honour of Admiral Sir Howard Kelly, Commander-in-Chief of the British China Squadron.

Over three hundred guests attended the dance and full decorations were worn in honour of Admiral Kelly. The blue and gold of the uniforms mingling with the many graceful gowns worn by the ladies made a brilliant scene in the ballroom.

Dancing began soon after half past nine, and later in the evening the guests enjoyed supper in one of the adjacent rooms.

Lady Brennan stood at the door of ballroom to receive her guests, amongst whom were many distinguished personalities.

Among those present were, the guest of honour, Admiral Sir Howard Kelly; Commodore G. Layton and his staff; Captain T. B. Drew from H.M.S. Kent; Lieut. Commander H. T. Strawberry from H.M.S. Scourab; Lieut. Commander J. G. D. Wetherfield, from H.M.S. Gnat; Paymaster-Commander G. A. Whitting; Commander and Mrs. R. C. Bell; Captain A. L. S. Harris; Paymaster-Lieut. J. H. McGregor; Captain B. P. MacMahon; officers from H.M.S. Kent; officers from H.M.S. Scourab; and officers from H.M.S. Gnat.

Guests from the various Defence Forces stationed in Shanghai included Lieut.-Col. E. James; Lieut.-Col. J. H. M. Mee; Lieut.-Col. and Mrs. T. T. H. Robinson; Major and Mrs. W. R. C. Penney; Major and Mrs. F. K. Escrib; Major and Mrs. E. H. Impey; Major and Mrs. A. Mason; Major and Mrs. J. M. Ponsford; Captain B. P. Dicker; Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Kelly; Captain A. T. Wilson-Brand; Captain W. B. Purnell; Captain C. P. Warren; Lieut. J. G. M. B. Gough; and Captain J. W. Hinchcliffe.

Other guests included Sir Frederick and Lady Maze; Sir Percival Phillips Colonel and Mrs. N. W. B. B. Thoms; Dean and Mrs. A. C. S. Trivett; Lieut.-Col. and Mrs. F. Hayley Bell and the Misses Hayley Bell.

OPIUM MONOPOLY IN KIANGSU

PROVINCIAL GOVT.'S DENIAL

Chinkiang, Nov. 1.—Replying to an inquiry from the National Opium Suppression Commission, the Kiangsu Provincial Government again denies reports concerning the alleged creation of an opium monopoly in Kiangsu. The Provincial Authorities, having received no authorization from the National Government, have never issued regulations regarding this matter nor have they established any opium bureaux. The reports which have been circulated are characterized as entirely erroneous and unfounded.

The attention of the National Opium Suppression Commission was recently drawn to the matter by petitions received from the Seochow Branch of the National Anti-Opium Association and similar organs in other parts of the province. The messages alleged that large consignments of opium had been transported to Chinkiang and that the Kiangsu Provincial Government had appointed heads for Opium Monopoly Offices in Chinkiang and Seochow, preparatory to the enforcement of a monopoly.—Kuo Min.

and Kwangsi is stated to be less now than 200 li.

The early completion of the Chingchow-Chungking (Szechuan) Railway is also urged by the Kueichow authorities for improving communications between South and West China. A special conference on this question is to be commenced here in the next few days.

MILITARY AFFAIRS COMMISSION

PLANNING TO INSTITUTE A DEFENCE COMMITTEE

Nanking, Nov. 2.—Leading strategists and experts in various fields will be invited by the Military Affairs Commission to become members of the National Defence Planning Committee. Preparations for the organization of this new organ have been practically completed under the supervision of General Huang Fu, former Minister of Foreign Affairs, it is stated.

The Committee is to have 50 members and 40 experts attached thereto. Dr. Weng Wen Hao, Minister-designate of Education, and Mr. Chien Chang Chao, Administrative vice-Minister of Education, have been appointed Chief and Assistant Secretaries of the Committee.

The decision to form such an organ, it may be recalled, was made last spring during the Sino-Japanese hostilities in Shanghai when the need of framing a comprehensive scheme for the defence of the country was acutely felt.—Kuo Min.

AIR SERVICE TO FAR WEST

Nanking, Nov. 1.—Another trial flight between Lanchow and Tacheng on the Shanghai-Sinkiang Airway will be made by Herr Schmidt, Director of the Operations Department of the Eurasia Aviation Corporation, next week, it was announced to-day. Herr Schmidt is now in Peiping completing preparations for the flight.

This will be the third attempt to negotiate the difficult stretch of mountainous area between Lanchow and Tachen. Although the first two flights were successful, further flights are considered necessary to test the peculiar atmospheric conditions there so as to assure the safety of future air travel.

Regarding the through traffic agreement between the Eurasia Corporation and the China National Aviation Corporation between Hankow and Sian as well as intermediate points via Nanking, the Kuo Min correspondent was informed that while the service is already in operation, negotiations are now in progress for a revision on the basis of distance covered, so that a more equitable distribution of revenue may be apportioned.

Demands for both mail and passenger accommodation on the Sian-Lanchow section are especially heavy owing to lack of other rapid means of transportation.

KUEICHOW OIL WELLS

ATTEMPTS TO OPEN UP SUPPLIES

Canton, Oct. 31.—The provincial authorities of Kueichow are embarking upon a big scheme of exploration for oil wells in the province and also for the construction of a railway line and motor roads to link Kueichow with the principal centres of Kwangtung and Kwangsi in order to facilitate the transportation of its petroleum to other parts of the country.

Official representatives of the Kueichow Government who are here conducting negotiations with the Canton authorities for their co-operation, declare that the oil wells in Kueichow are capable of putting out 80,000,000 worth of petrol annually and propose that a joint effort be made by the three south-west provinces to develop the industry.

Mr. Hu Han Min in Favour.

The envoys have proceeded to Hong Kong to sound the opinion of Mr. Hu Han Min on the subject and it is understood that the Kueichow leader is in favour of the proposition and has suggested the engagement of foreign experts to tackle the task.

The visiting officials indicated that significant progress has been made by Kueichow in road construction; the central part of the province being now linked with border towns by a network of highways. The gap between Kueichow (Continued on Previous Column)

CHINESE RAILWAYS

CANTON PROJECT TO LINK
UP SOUTHWESTERN
PROVINCES

(From Our Special Correspondent)

CANTON, November 8.

Much prominence is being given in local circles to the ambitious project for building one of the most important railway lines in the country, linking up the south-western provinces of Kwangtung, Kwangsi, Yunnan, Kweichow and Szechuen.

The South West Political Council in Canton is said to be seriously considering the proposal, and is arranging a conference to be attended by two representatives of each of the provinces concerned for the discussion of the scheme.

It is proposed that a motor road be first built on the route decided for the railway, which is to start from Yanchow in Southern Kwangtung, and, passing through Kwangsi, Yunnan and Kweichow provinces, to end in Szechuen. A rough estimate of the cost of the road has been fixed at about \$150 million. The road thus built will be used for motor traffic and the revenues therefrom put to the subsequent construction of the railway.

Various plans have also been advanced for the raising of funds. It is likely that the project will be supported by the joint efforts of the Government and the public, the latter to participate either by taking up shares or subscription to bonds issued in connection with the railway. It is further proposed that each province be responsible for the portion of the railway within its territory so that work may be undertaken simultaneously.

OPIUM IN CANTON

CITY FATHERS ADVOCATE
CLOSING OF SALOONS

(From Our Special Correspondent)

CANTON, November 8.

The first City Council in Canton, members of which had been elected in the course of the past year, was inaugurated last month. A general meeting of this assembly has been announced this week for the purpose of recommending to the Municipal Government a number of social reforms which the new City Fathers (who number some 140) should be introduced.

It is understood that one of the subjects under discussion is the proposal for the abolition of public opium smoking saloons in the city. By taking such a measure, it is hoped that there will be less temptation for the city's youth to fall victims of the drug.

Present addicts will have to apply for licences and provide their own smoking facilities in their homes, which will make the habit more costly and will thus help to get rid of it.

KWANGTUNG
HARBOUR BOARDPROVINCIAL BUREAU
FORMED FOR CONTROL
OF SHIPPING

(From Our Special Correspondent)

CANTON, November 8.

Under orders from the Kwangtung Provincial Government, the Reconstruction Department has established in a city a Provincial Harbour Board which is to assume control of all matters related to shipping within the province.

At present, most of the duties in this connection, such as the registration of vessels, their measurements, the assignment of berths on their arrival at ports, and their inspection, are undertaken by the Harbour Masters connected with the Chinese Maritime Customs service. It is the object of the newly inaugurated Board to take over all these duties gradually. It is expected that all these will be transferred to the present bureau in about a year's time with the exception of the control of the light-houses, which will not be taken over for the present.

DEATH OF MR. W. L.
PATTENDENFORMER GEN. MANAGER OF
LOXLEY & CO.A GREAT SUPPORTER
OF RELIGIOUS AND
CHARITABLE WORK

We very much regret to announce the death of Mr. W. L. Pattenden, formerly General Manager of the Hong Kong branch of Messrs. Loxley & Co., which took place on Monday at his residence in Godalming, Surrey, England.

It will be remembered that Mr. Pattenden retired from Messrs. Loxley in the spring of 1930 after a long and successful business career in the Colony.

Mr. Pattenden joined Messrs. Allen Bros., East India merchants, of London in 1888, and left them to come to the Far East at the end of 1890, arriving in Hong Kong on February 3, 1900, as an assistant to Messrs. Gilman and Company, of which firm he became a partner in 1911.

In 1919, he severed his connection with Messrs. Gilman, shortly after the business changed hands, and joined Messrs. W. R. Loxley and Co., as General Manager. That position he held until his retirement.

During his residence in the Colony, Mr. Pattenden served as a Director of the Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, of the Union Insurance Society of Canton, Ltd., and Humphreys Estate and Finance Co., Ltd., his wide experience in business matters being of much value to those concerns.

Work for the Cathedral.

The late Mr. Pattenden was associated with St. John's Cathedral for some 30 years. For many years he was a member of the Cathedral Church Body and for a long time its hon. secretary. When the present Church Council was formed Mr. Pattenden became one of its members.

Mr. Pattenden also took a deep interest in the Diocesan Boys' school and became a member of the Committee of the School in 1911. He was a member of the Council of St. Stephen's College for many years, and also gave great service on the Board of the European Y.M.C.A. and as Chairman of the Naval and Military Y.M.C.A. He was a valued member of the Court of the University of Hong Kong, and had been for some years a member of the Licensing Board.

The Dean's Tribute.

The Dean, the Rt. Rev. Alfred Swann said to our representative that he was deeply distressed to hear of Mr. Pattenden's death. "I can never be grateful enough to him for all the help he gave me when I first came out here," said the Dean. "Whenever I needed help it was to Mr. Pattenden that I turned. He was absolutely indispensable at that time. Mr. Pattenden was the most retiring and unselfish of men, and always

(Continued on next column.)

SERIOUS FIRE AT
KCWLOON

TEN PERSONS INJURED

INMATES LEAP INTO STREET

In the early hours of Wednesday morning, a serious fire broke out in a block of three four-storeyed buildings situated at 970-974, Canton Road, Kowloon, and resulted in injury to ten inmates, who jumped from the upper floors to the street below. Three of the injured people are in a serious condition and may not recover.

The fire broke out on the ground floor of tenement No. 972, which is used as a bamboo-ware shop. A carelessly thrown match or cigarette-end lodging in a heap of bamboo shavings beneath the staircase connecting two houses is thought to have been the origin of the fire.

The whole resources of the mainland fire brigade were brought to bear on the fire soon after the alarm was given at two o'clock in the morning. The Brigade concentrated on the task of confining the outbreak to as narrow limits as possible, but the two houses connected by the staircase were almost totally burnt out.

Old Woman Rescued.

Exciting scenes were witnessed when, from a wide lane at the rear of the buildings, it was seen that an old woman on the third floor was in grave danger of being trapped in her kitchen by the quickly spreading flames. The timely arrival of the Brigade with an escape ladder was the means of averting a major catastrophe, but it was fully two hours before the Brigade succeeded in getting the flames under control.

Five of the injured people were sent to the Kowloon Hospital, the others being sent to the Kwong Wah Hospital.

kept himself in the background. He just helped when and where he could, in the least ostentatious manner, possible."

On his retirement Mr. Pattenden continued to keep in touch with his Hong Kong friends and rendered active assistance to the church by undertaking the work of honorary secretary in England of the Victoria Diocesan Association.

It will be remembered that the congregation of St. John's Cathedral started a fund for a presentation to Mr. Pattenden on his departure from Hong Kong. When asked what form he would like the gift to take Mr. Pattenden asked that it should be a gift to the Cathedral and not to himself. The money raised was, therefore, devoted to the present altar rails.

In the St. John's Review of March, 1930 there is the following interesting notice:—"When Mr. Pattenden arrived on February 3, 1900 the Rev. R. F. Cobbold was Chaplain of St. John's Cathedral and Rev. F. T. Johnson, assistant Chaplain. Since that time Mr. Pattenden has been unflinching in his support of St. John's Cathedral."

LAYNE AND MARIE MAYE



Layne and Marie Maye, two very charming Australian girls, who are going to perform in cabaret shows in the Rose Room of the Peninsula Hotel in the very near future. These two girls who are coming direct from the Grand Opera, Shanghai, have the reputation of being very good indeed.

CENTRAL BRITISH
ASSOCIATIONANNUAL MEETING AT
C.B. SCHOOL

Mr. G. P. de Martin presided at the annual meeting of the Central British Association which was held at the Central British School on Tuesday night.

Re-drafted rules which raised the male members' subscriptions from \$6 to \$10 annually, and reduced those of the lady members from \$8 to \$6, were adopted by the meeting on the motion of the Chairman, seconded by Mr. E. S. Moses.

The following officials were elected for the present season:—President, Mr. G. P. de Martin; Vice-President, Mr. B. Wyllie and Miss E. S. Woolley; Chairman, Mr. G. Franklin Nightingale; General Committee: Miss M. L. Whitley, and Messrs. J. J. Ferguson, S. MacNider, J. J. King, G. B. Gurevitch and B. Bickford (Bar Convent).

CLAIM AGAINST
FRENCH SHIPLOCAL FIRM GETS
JUDGMENT

Before the Chief Justice (Sir Joseph Kemp) yesterday, another claim was heard against the French vessel, General Gal, Maurice Long II, which was sold recently to meet liabilities.

The action was brought by the Sui Dai, otherwise known as the Sui Lee firm, of 29 Hing Lung Street, and was for \$884.75 for goods supplied.

Mr. R. C. H. Lim instructed by Mr. C. Y. Kwan appeared for the plaintiffs and stated that the total value of goods supplied was \$1,084.75 but on the 1st of June, 1930 was paid on account, leaving the balance of \$884.75 still outstanding.

After the manager of the plaintiff firm had given evidence, judgment was given for the plaintiffs.

HEARING OF URM'S
CASE ENDSMAGISTRATE RESERVES
DECISION.

The case in which Henry Urm, a Swiss subject, is charged with indecent assault was concluded at the Central Magistracy yesterday before Mr. Schofield. His Worship decided to reserve his decision until Saturday morning.

Mr. W. A. Mackinlay, prior to putting the defendant in the witness box submitted that there was no case for his client to answer. The prosecution, he said, must show that not only was the assault committed but that it was committed against the girl's consent.

His Worship said that he could not agree that the evidence of assault without the girl's consent, was lacking.

Mr. Mackinlay then said that he would put his client in the witness box. The defence, he said, was not that the act did not occur, but that it occurred with the full consent of the complainant.

The Court was cleared prior to Urm's evidence being taken. At the close, his Worship decided that he would defer his decision until Saturday morning.

POPPY DAY FUND

Previously acknowledged	\$6,203.00
Hong Kong St. Andrew's Society	100.00
Club Lusitano	50.00
Mr. F. J. Jones	25.00
Mr. E. H. P. Lang	25.00
Mr. M. Ellis	10.00
Mr. Ho-Leung	10.00
Anonymous	5.00
	\$6,428.00

Further contributions may be sent to Messrs. Thomson and Co., (Chartered Accountants), York Building.

WOMEN DEMAND
SMALL HOUSESWRONG CLASS AIDED BY
SUBSIDIES

A demand for simpler houses of more varied types which could be let at lower rates than those now generally demanded for new dwellings, was expressed by the delegates attending the annual conference of the National Council of Women, which was held at Norwich under the presidency of Lady Trustram Eve.

Miss J. M. Upcott, of the Association of Women House Property Managers, said that they had to face the fact that at present something like 80 per cent. or 70 per cent. of those who most wanted houses were still after 12 or 15 years' effort, in an exceptionally bad position.

"In asking for simpler houses," she said, "we mean houses from which unnecessary space in staircases and unnecessary height in rooms has been eliminated, and also from which have been eliminated expensive fittings in the kitchens, etc. Lavatory wash basins and gabled roofs are all very attractive, but they cost money, and money used to produce those luxuries could go to provide more houses of the simpler type."

Miss Greenhill Gardyne, of Perth, said that there was a great demand for the single-roomed dwelling with a kitchenette for the elderly man and woman.

Miss Green, of London, said that our housing subsidies had largely failed because they had not brought new houses within the reach of those who most needed them and could least afford them.

Baths Not Wasted.

They had been wasteful, she added, because large sums of public money had been spent on providing houses at cheap rates for people who in many cases could have afforded to pay a higher rent.

Miss Woodcock, of the Church Army, said that it had been often stated that the poorer class of tenant merely used the bath for the storage of coal. The Church Army had built many houses up and down the country for the poorer families, and in every one of those houses there was a bath. In her experience they had not had one case in which the bath had been abused.

Mrs. Grievie, of Ipswich, in urging that there should be more and better-trained policewomen, said that in Ipswich they had had two very successful policewomen, one who had served for six years, and the present one, who had served for two years.

"When the first one was appointed," she said, "she was such a woman that the Watch Committee shook their heads and prophesied that she would be tired of police work in three months. That policewoman stopped with us six years and reformed the Chief Constable. It was with very much regret that she had to leave the police force to be married."

Mrs. Arthur Johnson maintained that a man, unaided by a woman, was not always the best person to choose a woman to serve in the police force. It would be much better if Chief Constables could have a woman who would help them to make their choice.

Policewomen's Training.

The delegates passed a resolution urging the Secretaries of State for England and Scotland to negotiate with one of the chief provincial forces for the establishment in that force of a training department for women police, under a woman supervisor, in order that Chief Constables might be assured that the women they selected would receive such training as would enable them to undertake their highly skilled work.

Mrs. Neville Rolfe (London), speaking of the demoralizing influences of unemployment on young persons between the ages of 14 and 15, urged that they should mobilise the voluntary resources of the country in the service of unemployed youth.

There was plenty of latent talent in such voluntary organisations as the Girl Guides if only they could be needed in that direction.

In the evening the delegates were entertained at a civic reception given by the Lord Mayor and Lady Mayoress of Norwich at the Castle Museum.

Wm. POWELL, Ltd.

9, Queen's Road, Central.

"JAEGER"
ALL WOOL
UNDER & OUTER
CLOTHINGTHIS LOVELY
FABRIC IS IN
TUNE WITH
OUR CLIMATE

As "Jaeger" Agents we have now a good selection of Overcoats, Dressing Gowns, Sweaters, Pullovers, Waistcoats, Travelling Rugs, Underwear, Colic Belts, Gloves, Slippers, etc.

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- DB 768—LIVE, LAUGH AND LOVE
- DB 898—DREAM SWEETHEART
- DB 899—TOO MANY TEARS
- DB 920—JUST ANOTHER LOVE AFFAIR
- DB 740—LOVE LETTERS IN THE SAND.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.

NOTICE.

On FRIDAY, the 11th November, 1932, All Departments will be CLOSED.

The HONGKONG DISPENSARY, Dispensing Department, will be open for dispensing Prescriptions from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. and from 6 p.m. to 7.30 p.m.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.
Hongkong, 9th Nov., 1932. [2762]

NOTICE OF TRANSFER.

IN pursuance of Section 3 of the Fraudulent Transfer of Business Ordinance, No. 25 of 1923. Notice is hereby given that J. B. TAMEL (譯名) of No. 3, Luen Fat Street, Ground floor, Victoria, in the Colony of Hong Kong carrying on business at the same address under the name or style of "The China Paper Box Co. (中國紙盒公司)" (hereinafter called "the Transferor") has transferred to The Universal Co. (九龍公司) of No. 204, Queen's Road East, Ground floor, Victoria aforesaid (hereinafter called "the Transferee") All that the Transferor's business of the said China Paper Box Co. together with the goodwill, stock-in-trade, chattels, fixtures, furniture and effects thereof.

The Transferees intend to carrying on the said business under the same firm name and will not assume the liabilities incurred by the Transferor prior to the 4th day of November, 1932.

Dated the 10th day of November, 1932.
Transferor: J. B. TAMEL.
Transferees: THE UNIVERSAL CO.
[2761]

BANK HOLIDAY.

IN accordance with Government Ordinance, The EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED for the TRANSACTION of PUBLIC BUSINESS on FRIDAY, 11th NOVEMBER, 1932. (ARMISTICE DAY).
Hong Kong, 9th Nov., 1932. [2768]

ROYAL HONG KONG YACHT CLUB

MEMBERS and their Friends are reminded that Opening Cruise will take place on Saturday the 12th November when Yacht racing, Rowing and Punting events will be held at the Club House. The starting time of the first Rowing event is 3 p.m.

R. J. VERNALL,
Hon. Secretary.
[2769]

HONG KONG STOCK EXCHANGE

IT is hereby notified that pending the demolition and construction of our Main Building No. 10, Lee House Street, the business of this Exchange will be conducted at the Exchange Building, Des Voeux Road Central.

By Order of the Committee,
A. NISSIM,
Secretary.
[2762]

THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB.

FOURTEENTH EXTRA RACE MEETING.

DRAFT Programmes and Entry Forms for the Fourteenth Extra Race Meeting to be held on SATURDAY, 19th November, 1932 (weather permitting), may be obtained at the Secretary's Office, the Club House, Happy Valley, the Hong Kong Club, the Sports Club, and the Stables, Village Road.

Entries close at 12 o'clock NOON on THURSDAY, 10th NOVEMBER, 1932.

By Order,
S. A. SLEAP,
Acting Secretary.
[2761]

HONG KONG BENEVOLENT SOCIETY

JUMBLE SALE.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 10th
1932, at 10.30 a.m.

CITY HALL.

Gifts of clothing and household goods gratefully received at above address on Mondays and Thursdays between 10.30 and 11.30 a.m.

November 11th
WEAR A FLANDERS POPPY.

IN FLANDERS FIELDS.

In Flanders field the poppies blow
Between the crosses, row on row,
That mark our place; and in the sky
The larks still bravely singing, fly
Scarce heard amid the guns below.

We are the Dead. Short days ago,
We lived, felt dawn, saw sunset glow,
Loved and were loved, and now we lie
In Flanders Fields.

Take up our quarrel with the foe;
To you from failing hands we throw
The torch; be yours to hold it high;
If ye break faith with us who die,
We shall not sleep, though poppies grow
In Flanders Fields.

JOHN McCRAE

The foe to be met to-day by ex-service men consists of physical disability, trade depression and consequent unemployment. This distress is shared by their dependants. Take up this quarrel by giving a little more for your Poppy than you did last year.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.
THE HONG KONG DISPENSARY.

Mr. M. J. van SCHREVEN.

P.P.C. Future Address:
Hong Kong, Royal Netherlands Legation,
11th October, 1932. HONGKONG.

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Night Editor (Wanchai Office):
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London Office: 63, Fleet Street,
E.C. 4.

The Daily Press.

HONG KONG, NOVEMBER 10, 1932.

THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION

Now that the great Presidential election is over, the United States in particular, and the world in general are asking what will be the practical effects of Mr. Roosevelt's victory over President Hoover? Despite all economic problems, the direct and personal question of Prohibition has played a big part in the contest. Mr. Roosevelt definitely favours a drastic modification of the Eighteenth Amendment, but while Mr. Hoover has also admitted that a change in the law would be advisable, he has been cautious in committing himself to its exact nature. That, however, is a matter for Americans to decide. Only the Highlands of Scotland, and the province of Champagne, in France, take more than an academic interest in that domestic concern.

In the matter of foreign and trade policy, even at this early stage Reuter predicts that alteration is not to be expected when Mr. Roosevelt takes charge. In these days all major powers preserve continuity of foreign policy, unless, of course, a particular problem sharply divided a nation, and a new party takes office pledged to drastic change. The United States will certainly not commit themselves, for instance, to membership of the League of Nations. Nor is any change in the attitude towards Far Eastern affairs likely to occur.

Under present conditions no President would dare, of his own initiative, to tamper with tariff walls. The behaviour of the United

States Government towards the Philippine Islands shows that there is no intention of allowing more than a minimum of imports. The economic situation is out of the hands of the politicians. The complexities are such that expert guidance is essential. Bold and drastic measures, of the kind that the electorate understands and delights to hear discussed on electoral platforms are seldom practicable. It is true that Great Britain has reversed her fiscal policy, but it is seldom, indeed, in these times, when politics are more than a tournament of debate, that a JOSEPH CHAMBERLAIN can hold before the gaze of an audience, spell-bound by his rhetoric, a Free Trade and a Protection loaf. The electorate at least knows that economic problems are difficult to handle as two-edged tools. Rough and ready methods are more than suspect.

In America the hard fact hit people that when Mr. HOOVER was elected they were prosperous and during his régime the crash came. Probably most of the voters do not pretend to know whether or no the Government might have served the situation. A populace judges its statesmen and generals by success or failure. If things go wrong the instinct is to let someone else have a chance. President Hoover certainly did not foresee the crash. His famous Thanksgiving Day address, extolling the wealth and greatness of his country, and prophesying the dawn of a new era, when poverty should be no more, hung a political millstone, round his neck. Moreover, when the storm was beginning Hoover's appeal was to spend freely, to maintain the standard of life, to keep trade alive and money circulating. Who is bold enough to say whether he was right or wrong, but very certainly many who followed his advice were soon wishing they had the money that had gone on superfluities.

Mr. ROOSEVELT enjoys the prestige of a great name. Many foreigners at first placed him as the son of law and order, and introduced a better standard of public life. It was a tragic irony that crime and graft reached unprecedented proportions during the régime of President Hoover, himself a sturdy Puritan and the most upright of men. A nation has, however, the right to hold its rulers responsible for the whole state of affairs within a country, and it is easy to see why the electorate has inflicted a defeat on the Republican party almost unprecedented in its severity.

CAR TO BEAT BANDITS

BRITISH POLICE TESTING NEW VEHICLE

ACCELERATION AS MAIN OBJECT

The Postmaster-General, speaking in East Ham disclosed that "certain measures" were being adopted which would give Post Office employees adequate protection in future against bandit raids.

Scotland Yard is searching for cars with super-acceleration in order to combat smash and grab raiders and motor highwaymen.

Between the criminals and the police there has for some time been a sequence of moves and counter-moves, and one of the most important factors in the conflict hitherto has been speed.

By using faster cars the criminals have forced the police to review their equipment at short intervals and to search for machines that will put them on level terms.

But exhaustive tests have now indicated that, for this police work, acceleration rather than extremely high top speed is the paramount need.

When it is essential to take up a chase through winding streets and traffic, acceleration counts first, and the latest cars which have been tried are noted in particular for this feature.

One of the cars which has earned the approval of the police drivers has an exceptionally high power to weight ratio, with the result that it has the acceleration of a stripped racing machine.

Sports Models Beaten.

It leaps away at a touch of the accelerator pedal, and can take advantage of openings in the traffic besides losing no time in getting away after rounding a corner.

During tests made through thick London traffic this car has shown a higher average speed than certain famous sports models.

At every check it shot away ahead, gaining a considerable lead up to 40, 60, and even 80 miles an hour. It was only on long, open stretches of road that the sports models could hold it.

Another point that has to be considered is the appearance of the car. The less it has the appearance of a racing machine the better, in general, is it adapted to the work.

When these tests have been completed the police hope to have equipment which will put them in the position to combat the bandits so effectively that they will be able to stamp them out entirely.

ALONG LINE OF PEACE

JAPANESE DELEGATE ON MOSCOW TALKS.

Moscow, Nov. 4.—"We Japanese have always considered Japan and Russia natural allies with many common interests," Mr. Matsuo, chief Japanese delegate to Geneva, declared in an interview with a representative of the United Press this afternoon, indicating that his interview with M. Maxim Litvinoff, Commissar for Foreign Affairs, had confirmed his friendly attitude.

Mr. Matsuo, however, emphasised that an exchange of "personal views" but added that the conversations had found mutual hope of increased friendship and avoidance of misunderstandings.

"I am unable to disclose the details of my personal talk with M. Litvinoff," he said, "except to say that it was along the line of peace, which both of us deeply desire."

Questioned regarding the position which Japan will take at Geneva when the League Assembly takes up consideration of the Sino-Japanese dispute, he said he would probably issue a formal statement embodying the general Japanese viewpoint upon his arrival at Geneva.

"We are not going to Geneva in a fighting mood," he declared. "There is nothing to fight about. Manchukuo is an established fact and for my Government there is no road back. We are determined to do our best to explain the real situation in the Far East and to make clear why Japan considers itself absolutely right in its course of action. We can only hope that Europeans and Americans will understand us."

The country needs a strong administrator, who will restore the damaged prestige of the forces of law and order, and introduce a better standard of public life. It was a tragic irony that crime and graft reached unprecedented proportions during the régime of President Hoover, himself a sturdy Puritan and the most upright of men. A nation has, however, the right to hold its rulers responsible for the whole state of affairs within a country, and it is easy to see why the electorate has inflicted a defeat on the Republican party almost unprecedented in its severity.

★ News and Views ★

Economy in U.S.

Cursory surveys made as a number of United States colleges and universities opened their fall terms serve to give the impression that fathers have decided that the student-owned motorcar is not an essential this year.

Time, Date, and Direction.

There is on sale in London a wrist watch to-day which, is one of the first of its kind. It records the time, to-day's date, and indicates the direction in which its owner walks. Both the calendar and the compass are perfect miniatures, and the watch an artistic triumph.

Proletarian Ingratitude.

Made-to-measure suits may now be ordered in Russia, but the Russian press is complaining that, among other deficiencies, the front and back of a suit are frequently made of different materials and contrasting colours. Presumably the Soviet will now discover, as did the Enlightened Despots, that no one resents so much as the people themselves any attempt to make the people's life a little brighter.

Russia Pleased.

Soviet Russia has opened the world's largest hydroelectric plant at Dnieprostoy. Honours and medals were bestowed on Col. Hugh L. Cooper, New York engineer, and his six assistants. This great plant, costing \$110,000,000, is expected to develop 750,000 horsepower ultimately, the electricity being used by 10,000,000 people over 70,000 square miles. The plant, built by American engineers gave the Soviet newspapers their opportunity. They were almost delicious over this brilliant accomplishment of Soviet industry.

New Bridge for Old.

Replacement of an old railroad bridge by a new iron structure 120 yards long in the short space of 10 hours was a feat accomplished recently by French engineers. The

bridge was the one across the River Oise, linking Saint-Ouen-l'Aumône to Pontoise, on the Chemins de Fer du Nord, and required almost a year to build. Placed on rollers, it was slowly moved into position at the side of the old bridge by 350 men, no machine power being used. Then the two bridges were moved simultaneously sideways, the old one to temporary piling built to receive it, the new to the piers which had supported the old. Thus the train service was suspended less than a day.

Lord Lloyd on Egypt.

Lord Lloyd, who has been abroad for some time has almost completed a work on Egypt which he began shortly after his term of office as High Commissioner of that country came to an end. The first of the two volumes which will comprise the book is already in the press. All the earlier history of Egypt as a modern nation was dealt with fully in the admirable book by the late Lord Cromer, and Lord Lloyd's work is more or less a sequel to it in that it will cover only the period from Lord Cromer's time up to the present day.

The Biggest!

San Francisco is happy for it has been graciously permitted by Washington to start work at once on the world's biggest bridge. The Reconstruction Finance Corporation classifies the San Francisco-Oakland toll bridge, centering on Goat Island, as a self-liquidating project and agrees to provide \$62,000,000 of the \$70,000,000 cost. Construction will employ 12,000 men, half on the job and half in plants in various states supplying the steel, pipe, wire and other materials. The bridge, above the tallest ships entering the harbour, will be 4 miles long, with two decks for auto and suburban car traffic. At 1 cent per passenger the structure will pay in 25 years. San Francisco's dream of a generation comes true.

Exchange Restriction Comedy.

Writes a correspondent from Home: I hear every day of the strange difficulties which arise owing to foreign exchange restrictions. They have a comic and a tragic side.

Hungarians, for instance, sometimes want to travel to the Italian resorts that were formerly in Austro-Hungarian possession. But the Hungarian law prevents purchase of exchange for such purposes.

Yet, I am informed, if the Italian money can be obtained by export of Hungarian cows and farm produce the traveller may have his wish. Which is very much as if each traveller had to cross the frontier attended by the cow which is to pay for his keep while away from home.

New and Old Delhi.

No greater contrast exists in India than the differences in appearance and style which characterize new and old Delhi. New Delhi marks one of the world's most conspicuous examples of modern city planning. It has wide and tree-lined streets; it is set in broad open spaces; it fits in with the pictorial and rugged landscape of the country; and its architectural dignity distinguishes the city as a brilliant example of the city builders' art. Old Delhi, on the other hand, displays all the features of ancient building methods. The streets—save for a few important thoroughfares—are narrow and tortuous; shops and homes dovetail into each other in the usual Eastern manner; neighbours may talk to each other from either side of the street without raising their voices beyond ordinary speech; and goats, sheep, and sacred cows wander at will among the citizens, devouring farinaceous foods from the grain merchant's store, or drinking water from the public fountain. But, both cities have their distinctive charms. If New Delhi impresses by its massive magnificence, old Delhi appeals for the delicate beauties of craftsmanship which may be discerned on old doorways or casements, and in many other aspects of the city's layout.

Local and General

One case of paratyphoid fever was reported to the Medical Officer of Health yesterday.

Dr. Li Shu Fan, M.B., F.R.C.S., was among the passengers returning to the Colony yesterday by the s.s. Conte Verde.

Sixty-five Shanghai Chinese silk filatures are now operating. This is an increase of about 20 over this number in operation last month.

The ban on export of cash from Human Province has been lifted by General Ho Chien, Chairman of Hunan Provincial Government, in compliance with requests of the bankers.

Presidents of various schools in Hankow established by the Hupeh Provincial Government have tendered their resignations because their wages have been in arrears, according to a Hankow report.

A mongrel dog owned by Bandman Croft, of the South Wales Borders yesterday bit the bandman's little daughter Joan, who was subsequently taken to the Military Hospital for treatment.

The National Anti-Opium Association, in a telegram to General Chiang Kai Shek, asks that the authorities of Anhui, Kiangsi and other provinces be ordered immediately to abolish the opium monopoly.

In a series of raids conducted in Hankow, Hanyang and Wuchang last week, more than 40 alleged Communists, including several leaders, were taken into custody by members of the Wuhan Public Safety Bureau.

Three Chinese newspapers, the *Yeh Kiu Yat Po*, the *Tsun Wan Yat Po*, and the *Tung Ah Yat Po* were each fined \$50 by Mr. Schofield yesterday for publishing in their respective newspapers.

Members of the Shanghai French Club, at an extraordinary general meeting at their premises in Route Vallon, elected the following officers for the ensuing year: President, M. L. Lion; vice-president, M. Pernot; secretary, M. Benoist; treasurer, M. Lorenzi; and members of the committee, Messrs. Belandier, Ballandras, Dupont and Niel.

Negotiations are to be opened by the Shanghai District Health Rating Association with different local banks for credit for the purchase of rice stocks which are to be hoarded and used for relief purposes.

Mr. M. J. van Schreven, vice-consul of the Netherlands, left the Colony on October 31 for Bangkok where he has been appointed Chargé d'Affaires of the Netherlands. Pending the arrival of his successor, Mr. H. Bos, Chinese Secretary of the Netherlands Legation at Peking, has been temporarily attached to the Consulate-General in this Colony.

The "Bloody Group" for the extermination of traitors from Shanghai has extended its activities from Shanghai to Taichang. The Chinese Press reports that a large piece of goods store in that city received a letter from the Shanghai "Bloody Group," warning the management against selling Japanese goods and threatening to bomb the shop premises should the warning be ignored.

At a meeting of the Chinese Devastated Areas Fire Insurance Compensation Association, it was decided to ask the different local organisations to persuade the foreign insurance companies to adopt the compensation scheme suggested by the Chinese authorities and that, in view of the refusal of the foreign companies to issue compensation, members were requested to advise their relatives to withdraw their insurance policies from foreign concerns.

A sketch map of China, showing the positions of the Soviet districts and bearing Communist slogans, opposing the Lytton Commission's report and urging the masses to besiege the goals to secure the release of anti-Japanese and anti-Imperialist "warriors" was found posted on a wall in Yangtzeport Road, Shanghai. The document purports to have emanated from the propaganda department of the Shanghai Eastern and Western Revolutionary Mutual Aid Society.

Between 600 and 700 guests of different nationalities, including Brigadier G. Fleming, Colonel W. B. B. Thoms, Mrs. C. A. Horvath, Mrs. E. D. Lewis-Horvath, Mr. and Mrs. Ch. E. Metzler, Major

and Mrs. Fabre, Count Del Bono, and Mr. G. M. Byrd, attended the annual Cosack Ball at Shanghai, arranged by the local Union of Russian Cosacks. Most of the Cosack officers and men, the majority of whom represented the Siberian and Ussuriysk clans, were in full uniform and several looked picturesque in their long Caucasian tunics.

From the Files.

Looking Back 25 Years.
An "A" team of the Hong Kong Football Club will play a scratch XV, composed of naval players captained by Lieut. Tweedie this afternoon at 4.15 p.m. playing in colours. The team is as follows:—Capt. W. J. Daniel, full back; F. C. Carroll, G. D. McIlraith, A. N. O'Neil and S. U. M. Body-Ells, three quarter backs; A. V. Monk and L. J. Blackburn, half backs; Capt. R. M. Rankin, W. N. Weston, Lieut. A. N. Fraser, R. G. Munro, H. W. Lester, R. O. Hutchison, C. B. Hayward and W. S. Stanton, forwards.
Hong Kong Daily Press, November 10, 1907.

Looking Back 50 Years.
The British North Borneo is making a good start very early in its history as a state is apparent not only by the accounts received from various sources of what is going on at Elupura, but also by the formation at Shanghai of the Chinese Sabah Land Farming Company. This Company, as its title denotes, has been started with a view of engaging in planting and agricultural enterprise in North Borneo, for which purpose it will take up a grant of 40,000 acres of suitable land provisionally made to Mr. Major, one of the projectors. Of this grant ten thousand acres are, it is stipulated, to consist of forest, twenty thousand of level country, and ten thousand of hill land. The Company proposes to engage at once in felling and preparing timber for export and, when the land is cleared, to raise pepper, tobacco, indigo, sugar, etc., and to plant coconuts and rice, palm, cinchona, etc.—Hong Kong Daily Press, November 10, 1932.

MR. ROOSEVELT'S SWEEPING VICTORY

HOOVER LOSES THROUGH LACK OF HISTORIC ABILITY

LITTLE CHANGE IN HOME OR FOREIGN POLICIES EXPECTED

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

New York, Nov. 9.

INCOMPLETE RETURNS INDICATE THAT MR. ROOSEVELT MAY EXPECT 453 ELECTORAL VOTES AND MR. HOOVER 78.

Mr. Hoover was swept from the White House by blind resentment of millions of Americans suffering from hard times, also owing to his somewhat uninspiring personality and a complete lack of histrionic ability compared with Roosevelt and the latter's most able publicity. Undoubtedly also many thousands of "wet" Republicans were alienated by Hoover's ambiguous attitude in regard to prohibition. The result of Mr. Roosevelt's election to the World is not likely to be very noticeable, as it is improbable there will be any drastic reduction in the United States tariff.

Both parties officially oppose the cancellation of War Debts, but are willing to consider a re-adjustment in return for facilities to United States exports by debtor nations.

Mr. Roosevelt may be expected to continue Mr. Hoover's policy of limited co-operation with the League on disarmament, prevention of war and the restoration of the economic health of the world.

REVISION OF VOLSTEAD ACT?

In regard to prohibition, Mr. Roosevelt will not hinder a revision of the Volstead Act for beer, and is expected to be more sympathetic to the unemployed's claim for Federal relief.

Mr. Hoover has telegraphed Mr. Roosevelt "I congratulate you on the opportunity which has come to you to be of service to the country."

"I wish you a most successful administration. In the common purpose for all of us I shall dedicate myself to every possible helpful effort."

The Republican landslide was given evidence by the fact that by 4.30 G.M.T. Mr. Roosevelt was leading in thirty-eight states, 431 electoral votes, while Mr. Hoover was ahead only in six states, with seventy votes.

ROOSEVELT STARTS WELL

New York, Nov. 8. Pending the results from the Middle West and West, it is too early to say that Mr. Franklin Roosevelt, the Democratic candidate, as been elected as the next President of the United States, but it will be nothing short of a miracle if President Hoover survives.

New York, with forty-seven electoral college votes, has already gone over to the Democrats. Mr. Roosevelt now has a strong lead in twenty-five States, commanding 284 electoral college votes, which would be quite sufficient for election.

President Hoover is leading in only seven States, which carry 88 electoral college votes.

Mr. Roosevelt is triumphing in the traditionally Democratic South, where President Hoover is being literally snowed under.

Position Hour by Hour.

New York, Nov. 8. Unofficial and fragmentary returns show that Mr. Franklin Roosevelt is leading in seven States having ninety-three electoral votes, while President Hoover is leading in three States having twenty electoral votes.

The candidates are running neck and neck in Massachusetts which has 17 votes and Pennsylvania which has 26.

Roosevelt Well off Mark.

Nov. 8. 3.30 p.m. Mr. Roosevelt is leading in Alabama (11 electoral votes), Florida (7), Georgia (12), Oklahoma (11), Texas (23), Missouri (16), Maryland (8), Tennessee (11), Nebraska (7), and South Carolina (8).

The candidates are running neck and neck, with no clear indication whatsoever, in Kansas 9 electoral votes, Massachusetts (17 votes), Pennsylvania (30) and Colorado (9).

President Hoover is leading in New Hampshire (4 electoral votes) and Rhode Island (4).

Big Lead.

In the States hitherto for Roosevelt, the electoral votes total 113. In those for Hoover, there are only eight votes. And in those in which the candidates are running neck and neck account for 88 electoral college votes.

Mr. Roosevelt is now leading also in Virginia with 11 electoral college votes, in Arkansas (9 votes) and is slightly leading in Massachusetts and Kansas, where he is now beginning to draw away slightly from Mr. Hoover.

He is also leading by a wide margin in New York State which carries 47 electoral college votes, thanks to the heavy Democratic majorities in New York City.

President Hoover leads in Vermont with 3 electoral college votes, South Dakota, with 4, Connecticut with eight, New Hampshire with 4 and Rhode Island with four. The gross total of the electoral votes

OPPOSITION TO BIMETALISM

BRITISH EXCHEQUER EXPRESSES HIS VIEWS

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

London, Nov. 4.

THE House of Commons yesterday adopted without division the Labour motion expressing Parliament's concern with the present volume of unemployment and welcoming all measures dealing therewith.

The debate was noteworthy for the long statement of Mr. Neville Chamberlain, Chancellor of the Exchequer, rebutting arguments in favour of bimetalism and stressing that supplies of silver are inadequate and that the central banks certainly would not agree to accept a certain proportion of silver at a fixed ratio to gold.

In the final speech in the unemployment debate in the House of Commons, Mr. Chamberlain replied to the address of Sir Robert Horne, in which the latter suggested that wholesale commodity prices might be affected either by restricting supplies of commodities or alteration in the amount of monetary gold available as being the standard whereby their value was measured. Sir Robert Horne suggested that as there was a deficiency of gold due to much of it being utilised in the reserve of particular countries, Britain should supplement the supply of gold by bringing silver into account, adding that a rise in the price of silver would very much improve British trade with India and China.

Difficulties Seen.

Mr. Chamberlain saw difficulties in accepting the theory that the rise in the price of silver would increase trade with India and China, and said that while China had a silver currency, India had not, therefore, as far as India was concerned, the theory must be based on the assumption that the rise in the value of the hoards of silver in India would enable India to do a larger trade with other countries. A large portion of the hoards in India was not in a monetary form, but in the form of ornaments, bracelets, etc. In the past India had steadily increased those hoards, though she had never used them as a means of purchasing goods, but for establishing social status. An examination of the variations in the price of silver during recent years, had not yielded any evidence in figures on Indian imports that she had utilised her silver hoards when the price of silver rose to buy more goods from other countries.

No Guarantee of Trade.

Regarding China, Mr. Chamberlain said that the position was slightly different because China had a silver currency and if silver rose, the value of China's currency rose also. China's purchasing power gained simultaneously. But then China's selling power decreased.

Again, in the case of China, he did not find in figures that they bore out the view that a change of the value of silver made a corresponding difference in the value of Chinese imports. Imports into China fell only 10 per cent. during the period when silver fell 27 per cent. Without being dogmatic, he was unable to convince himself that a rise in the price of silver would have this valuable effect on the trade of Lancashire with China and India.

Turning to the question of whether the increase in the available supply of metal, either gold or its equivalent in silver, would increase the available stock in Britain so as to enable the value of wholesale commodity prices to rise the world over, Mr. Chamberlain said one must remember that the available supplies of gold had enormously increased from £1,000,000,000 in 1900 to £2,300,000,000 in 1932. When one considered the amount of extra gold that would be necessary to make any real difference to-day, one must consider that extra amount in relation to the available supplies of gold in the world.

Gold Discoveries.

Discoveries of gold in the 19th century in California and Australia, the subsequent developments on the Rand, produced an enormous effect because they were great in yield in comparison with supplies in gold in those days. But if gold had increased two and a half times in 30 years, it was clear that no great discovery of gold in the future was going to have a similar effect upon the amount of gold required for monetary purposes.

What would have an effect on silver? What was the amount of silver we could expect to get? The proposal was that the central banks should agree to accept a certain proportion of silver at a fixed ratio to gold and that the price of silver should be the market price. If it was going to be the market price there would be no great inducement for these hoards to come out of India and China. They

(Continued on next column.)

BRITISH AIR PROGRESS

PREMIER SAYS HE WILL GUARD FUTURE

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Rugby, Nov. 8.

IN the House of Commons to-day, Lord Apsley asked the Prime Minister whether, before any decision was reached regarding the extent to which the British Government could agree with the French disarmament proposals, and particularly those on the international control of civil aviation, he would ensure that such agreement would in no way prevent the future development of British civil aviation, either of a private nature, or on the existing and proposed Empire routes to India, South Africa, Australia and Canada respectively.

The French Minister replied that he had not yet received the new French disarmament proposals, but the Government in the United Kingdom would certainly bear in mind the importance of providing fully for the future of British civil aviation and the development of Imperial air communications.

Replying to a supplementary question, regarding private flying, the Premier said he could not enter into details that might arise in the course of the negotiations, but the House might take his answer as one that was going to guide the Government in their general policy.

Asked whether the disassociation of civil flying altogether from the armed forces of the Crown was being considered, the Premier said that that was naturally one of the questions that must arise.

IRISH GOVERNOR GENERAL

APPOINTMENT PART OF TREATY

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Rugby, Nov. 8.

QUESTIONED in the House of Commons as to the appointment of a new Governor-General of the Irish Free State, the Dominions Secretary, Mr. J. H. Thomas, said that whilst he had no statement to make at the moment, the House was aware that provision for the appointment of a Governor-General was made in the Anglo-Irish Treaty and was indeed an integral part of it.

In Hong Kong To-Day

FINE TO CLOUDY

YESTERDAY'S WEATHER REPORT, FORECAST AND REMARKS, ISSUED BY THE ROYAL OBSERVATORY AT 5 P.M., STATED:—

A WEAK ANTI-CYCLONE REMAINS CENTRED OVER S.W. JAPAN. THE TYPHOON IS ABOUT 400 MILES TO THE E.S.E. OF MANILA, MOVING W.N.W.

LOCAL FORECAST:—N.E. WINDS, MODERATE; FINE TO CLOUDY.

would not come from China, because China wanted her silver for currency, unless silver rose highly in price, when she would require less silver.

Against Bimetalism.

Supposing, he added, the price of silver rose 40 two shillings they thus got 1,000,000,000 ounces of silver—the highest possible figure. That only would mean an addition of the equivalent of 210,000,000 in gold to the available supplies of £2,300,000,000. That was only a two per cent., and too small an amount to make any appreciable effect. Even the annually growing supplies of silver were not going to add to the visible supplies of gold more than a point or two per cent. He did not see, therefore, how it could be argued that the bringing of silver to help out gold was, in the present circumstances of the world, going to be of any effective help, even supposing the nation could get what he was certain it could not get, namely an agreement of all the central banks to adopt some system. He was not very hopeful of a bimetallic proposal helping the world over her present difficulties.

THREAT BY NAVAL RATINGS

SERIOUS SITUATION NARROWLY AVERTED

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

CANDERRA, Nov. 9.

FOLLOWING a protest meeting of two hundred naval ratings at Melbourne against a reduction in pay, under the financial emergency, at which spokesmen threatened action by 3,000 ratings unless their grievances were remedied by Government recommendation, the Naval Board has decided to increase the travelling concessions to ratings going on and returning from leave, also the child endowment of 50d. to sterling, which rate will be paid by the Public Service. Employees will also have an increase in their daily rations allowance of from fifteen to twenty-seven pence.

All warships sailed from Melbourne without further incident.

YOUNG COMMUNIST SENTENCED

BOUND OVER FOR TWO YEARS

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

London, Nov. 9.

THE Hampstead Magistrate addressed the eighteen-year-old Seruya in severe paternal language before leniently binding him over in the sole surety of his mother to behave properly for two years.

The police reported that Seruya was an ardent Communist and that his room was plastered with Communist matter and Soviet badges. Seruya's lawyer said the accused was studying for a chemist's degree at the Royal College of Science. After attending a meeting at Trafalgar Square he decided on his way home to smash windows in the Premier's house, thinking it was empty.

PHEMIUS AT MERCY OF SEA

KILLERIG RACING TO RESCUE

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

London, Nov. 9.

There is grave reason to fear that the Blue Funnel liner, PheMIUS, bound for Hong Kong from New York, has been lost with all hands.

Latest messages received at Liverpool from Colon, Panama, state that the vessel seems to have disappeared without trace.

Three United States naval vessels and submarines are engaged in a search for the missing ship, which first sent out S.O.S. signals on Sunday. She was then in the thick of a hurricane, some 150 miles off the coast of Nicaragua.

Completely Helpless.

The master of the PheMIUS, Captain D. C. L. Evans, in sending out his first distress signals, announced that his funnel had been carried clean away, that the vessel was badly damaged in the rough weather and that four holds were filling.

Messages continued to come through for some time indicating that the plight of the vessel was growing more and more terrible. First her propeller was broken and then her steering gear was disabled.

In Heavy Weather.

The last message received stated that the vessel was drifting helplessly in heavy weather some 250 miles to the north of Colon.

The PheMIUS was carrying a crew of 78, including sixteen British officers and others, and, sixty Chinese.

The British freighter Ariguana immediately raced to the position given by the PheMIUS in her early S.O.S. calls, but no trace was found.

Liner Still Afloat.

Colon, Later. The Blue Funnel liner PheMIUS is still afloat. Apparently her wireless was put out of action during the later stages of the hurricane, which swept her for miles from the position which she first gave.

The PheMIUS has now restored wireless communication and reports that she is off the coast of Nicaragua. The British s.s. Killerig is now hastening to her assistance.

NINE STEAMERS SEIZED

TROOP TRANSPORT FOR WAR ON "REDS"

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Shanghai, Nov. 9.

ACCORDING to the North China Daily News, the National Government has commandeered nine ships in order to transport troops to Amoy to participate in the campaign against the Communists. The ships commandeered include vessels belonging to the San Peh Company and the China Merchants S.N. Company.

POLITICAL SENSATION IN DUBLIN

WARNING TO I.R.A.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Dublin, Nov. 9.

A SENSATION has been caused in political circles by a speech by Mr. de Valera at the Fianna Fail Convention where he warned the Irish Republican Army and other organisations that anyone found in the possession of firearms would be proceeded against with the full vigour of the law.

This is regarded as a direct challenge to the Irish Republican Army.

ANTI-IRISH TARIFF WAR

MR. THOMAS EXPLAINS DUTY INCREASE

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

London, Nov. 8.

THE House of Commons to-day approved by 250 votes to 38, the increase in the customs duties on Irish Free State farm produce and livestock.

Mr. J. H. Thomas explained that the increase would be imposed as from to-morrow and was due to the fact that the receipts hitherto had showed conclusively that England was unlikely to collect the amount owing.

NO "TREATING" IN R.A.F.

OFFICIAL WARNING THAT RULE IS TO BE OBEYED.

Stringent measures are being taken, to ensure that the mess bills of officers in the R.A.F.—many of whom are entirely dependent on their pay—are kept as low as possible.

King's Regulations decree that no officer may "treat" a brother officer of the same unit to a drink in their mess.

This regulation is usually winked at.

(Continued on next column.)

RESULT OF SHAI CHAMPIONS

SLEEPY MORN WINS BY HALF A LENGTH.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Shanghai, Nov. 9.

SLEEPY MORN won the Shanghai Champions from a record field of thirteen.

Result.

1 Sleepy Morn (Pote Hunt) 1
2 Nuda (Boothblack) 2
3 Allegator (T. J. Roche) 3
Sleepy Morn won by half a length, a short head separating second and third.

SWEEPS

First Series.

5410 63450

Second Series.

20938 53109

Third Series.

0004 60033

SHANGHAI NORTH STATION

REBUILDING PLAN SET-BACK

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Shanghai, Nov. 9.

THE China Press state that a stumbling block in the plans to rebuild the North Station—destroyed in the recent Sino-Japanese hostilities—is threatened by a request by the China-British Corporation, who are creditors of the Shanghai-Nanking Railway, to the Ministry of Railways for payment of outstanding debts totalling \$12,800,000. The Ministry of Railways intended to devote \$10,000,000 to the construction of the new station, the site of which had already been chosen at Chenju.

JAPAN-MANCHUKUO AIR SERVICE

Tokyo, Nov. 3.—A regular mail and passenger air service between Japan and Manchuria via Korea, was inaugurated to-day. The service will enable a person to travel from Tokyo to Changchun, the capital of Manchukuo, in one-and-a-half days. The new airway extends east to Lungchingtaun and north to Tsitsihar.

ed at in all three services. Instructions have now been issued to all units of the R.A.F. that it must be rigidly enforced. Disciplinary action is to be taken in the event of it being broken.

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Sports News

FANLING HUNT AND RACE CLUB

PROGRAMME FOR NOV. MEETING

1.—The Machine Gun Troop Hurdle Race (Unofficial): Winner \$150. Second \$75. Third \$25. For China Ponies certified by the O.C. M.G.T., H.K.V.D.C., as first class regular troop ponies. To be ridden by members of the Troop. Weight 100 lbs. Winners of a Troop Race at Macao or Kwantung 10 lbs. penalty. Entrance Fee \$5. One Mile.

2.—The Sha Tau Kok Steeplechase: Winner \$150. Second \$75. Third \$25. For China Ponies that have never won a Steeplechase or Hurdle Race. Weight for inches as per scale. Entrance Fee \$5. One and a Quarter Miles.

3.—The Kwang Tung Handicap: Winner \$200. Second \$100. Third \$50. For China Ponies certified by the Hong Kong Jockey Club as "E" Class at date of entry. To be ridden by Jockeys who have never won 10 Races anywhere at any time. No whips or spurs. Entrance Fee \$5. Six Furlongs.

4.—The Ladies' Mile (Unofficial): Winner \$150. Second \$75. Third \$25. For China Ponies certified by the Hong Kong Jockey Club as "D" or "E" Class at time of entry. Weight 140 lbs. 1 lb. Penalty for every \$100 or part thereof won in stakes since January 1, 1932. Subscription Grifflins of the Hong Kong Jockey Club of any season allowed 10 lbs. To be ridden by Ladies. No whips or spurs. Entrance Fee \$5. A cup will be presented to the winning rider.

5.—The Kwantung Handicap Hurdle Race: Winner \$150. Second \$75. Third \$25. For China Ponies that have never won a Hurdle Race or Steeplechase. (Ponies will be handicapped on their flat race performances). Entrance Fee \$5. One and a Quarter Miles.

6.—The Kwangsi Open Steeplechase: Winner \$200. Second \$100. Third \$50. For China Ponies. Weight for inches as per scale. Entrance Fee \$5. One and Half Miles.

7.—The M.G.T. Scurry (Unofficial): Winner \$150. Second \$75. Third \$25. For China Ponies certified by the O.C. M.G.T., H.K.V.D.C., as second class regular troops ponies. To be ridden by Members of the Troop. Weight 100 lbs. Entrance Fee \$5. Half Mile.

LOCAL RUGBY

BORDERERS BEAT NAVY

The Borderers played and defeated the Navy in a rugby match, yesterday, at Sookunpo.

The first half saw the score at 3 points each, the Navy scoring a try and the Borderers a penalty goal.

Play was mostly over the Navy area in the second half, and towards the end, the Borderers scored a try and a goal in quick succession. The final whistle sounded with the score at 11-3 in favour of the Borderers.

ARMISTICE DAY FOOTBALL TRIAL

MR. G. RODGER TO CAPTAIN INTERPORT TEAM.

The following have been chosen to represent a probable Interport XI, to play against a selected team on Armistice Day, November 11, at the H.K. Football Club ground. H.E. the Officer Administering the Government will kick off at 4 p.m. sharp.

Rodger, (Captain); Mallane, Strang, Bliss, Wong, Mee, Shun, A. Duncan, B. Gosano, Sun, Kum Shun, Howe, Jones and Baldry. Reserves: Martin, Beltrano and Johnson.

The Rest of the Colony team for Friday has been selected as follows: Chiu, Sit, Pui (S. China); Allan (H.K.) and Lau, Mau (S. China); Leung, Wing, Chui (S. China); Pender (B.A.) and Tong, Kwan (S. China); Chang, Shui, Hong (S. China). (Continued at foot of next column)

GOLF

KOWLOON G.C. AND Y.M.C.A.

ARMISTICE DAY MATCH

The annual golf match between the Kowloon Golf Club and the European Y.M.C.A. will be played at the Kowloon Golf Club course on Friday. In view of the fact that the match is played on Armistice Day, it is interesting to note that the Kowloon Golf Club team contains thirteen ex-Service men. Tiffins will be provided.

Starting times have been reserved as follows:—

9.00 a.m.	F. E. A. Remedios v. Dr. J. E. H. Cogan.
9.15	J. MacKnight (Capt.) v. G. H. Russell (Capt.).
9.30	A. T. Bralley v. G. Milne.
9.45	A. A. Lopes v. A. L. Ensmann.
9.50	W. S. Hillier v. H. Mundy.
9.55	W. J. Buller v. L. D. Purves.
10.00	W. R. Hillyer v. T. J. Price.
10.05	W. M. Groves v. J. H. Hunt.
10.10	A. Urquhart v. G. Castle.
10.15	J. Poole v. H. T. Buxton.
10.20	L. J. Cave v. W. Stoker.
10.25	G. E. L. Johnson v. A. W. Turbille.
10.30	J. S. Smith v. E. W. Coulson.
10.35	A. L. Landsbert v. H. G. Munford.
10.40	W. E. Orchard v. F. Edwards.
10.45	A. W. Brown v. J. W. Martin.

Reserve: A. E. Charman.

Note.—The first names represent the Kowloon Golf Club team.

JAPAN FINDS A NEW TENNIS CHAMPION

YAMAGISHI, QUICK OF EYE. FLEET OF FOOT.

In the past few years Japan has supplied the British tournament world with a succession of players of high calibre, such as J. Satoh, Y. Ohta, R. Miki, and I. Aoki, and the latest addition to the list, J. Yamagishi, who is only nineteen, by the manner in which he beat F. H. D. Wilde in the third round of the men's singles at the West Side tournament, gave a hint that he may prove the most formidable importation of them all, states a London sports writer.

Whether he was playing above his form time alone can tell, but it is certain that, except for a short period towards the end of the second set, he was playing lawn tennis of a very high class. He possesses a large assortment of strokes, all easily produced, and his footwork is out of the ordinary, but his quick sight of the ball is the quality which helps most to bring distinction to his play.

Although Wilde was playing by no means badly in the first set, he was soon 0-5 down, and it was not until 30-41 in the sixth game that he could make any impression on Yamagishi. Before this stage was reached, the Japanese had made people gasp with some drop-shots played from the base-line, as well as with sliced angled back-hand volleys.

Though Wilde, through sheer merit of crossing drives and passing shots, managed to get 4-2 in the second set, Yamagishi squared matters at four-all. He was forced to vantage games, however, and it was then that he made his sole lapse, when a challenge by Wilde, who had rather more than his share of hard luck, might have taken the game to a third set.

China, Bryant (R.A.), Lee Yee Sun (S. China), Rawson and Duncan (S.W.B.). Reserves: Morrison (S.W.B.), Moore (R.A.), Robertson (Navy). Mr. G. Rodger has been appointed Captain of the Interport team visiting Shanghai.

FOOTBALL TEAM MAY FLY

AMBITIOUS PLAN TO ATTEND GAMES BY AIR

£50,000 INSURANCE

Plymouth, Oct. 10.—Plymouth Argyle may make history this week as the first flying League football team.

Owing to Plymouth's geographical position the Argyle players have to cover something like 12,000 miles in a season. Their nearest opposing club, Southampton, is nearly 200 miles away.

A sensational offer to provide an air liner so that the team may fly to fulfil its fixtures has been made by the wealthy president of the Argyle Club, Mr. A. C. Ballard.

The directors of the club regard the scheme with favour, and although some of the players are not quite so enthusiastic, Leslie, the captain, says he is "all for it."

"Few of the Argyle players have been higher in the air than when they are jumping for the ball," he says, "but I'm confident they will rise to this occasion."

"My object," said Mr. Ballard, "is to eliminate the drawbacks attendant on tedious railway journeys."

"The cost will be between £50 and £60 each way. The principal difficulty, so far, is in regard to insurance. I understand I shall have to insure the players for a sum between £50,000 and £60,000."

The flying distance between Plymouth and Stoke is approximately 200 miles.

"If Plymouth Argyle have such a scheme to bring forward" said Mr. Charnley, the Football League secretary, to a Press representative, "it will be discussed at the next meeting of the League."

"The League, however, cannot prevent the Plymouth team from flying to Stoke next Friday if they wish to do so."

SHANGHAI'S WALKING RACE

CHINESE AGAIN STRONG.

Shanghai, Nov. 8.—Arrangements are progressing for the international walking competition which is to be held on Sunday morning, December 4, over the same 17-mile route as last year. The Stewards of the Shanghai Race Club again have granted permission for the use of the public stands, where the finish of the race can be witnessed.

Although there are more Chinese walkers in training than any other nation, they are not expected to have it all their own this year. The English have among them several men who are shaping very well indeed; there are about ten Englishmen in training. The French have a half-dozen in their camp, with one in particular who is said to have walked the course in excellent time. Little is known of the Irish, but, as Mr. A. E. Fenton is the President of this year's race, they should turn out a fairly good team. There is talk of a Russian team, but the greatest surprise has been caused by the Italians, who have eight walkers and they were seen over the course last Sunday morning bunched together.—N.C.D.N.

TREBITSCH LINCOLN ARRESTED

ALLEGED SWINDLING OF DUTCH FIRM.

Cologne, Nov. 8.—Trebitsch Lincoln, the notorious priest, War-time spy and now a Buddhist monk, was arrested here yesterday on a warrant issued in Holland on charges of swindling 5,000 marks from a Dutch firm.

Lincoln, now known as Chao Kung, recently returned to Europe from China, avowedly for the purpose of founding a Buddhist monastery. He landed in Belgium, was arrested and escorted to the borders (Continued at foot of next column)

ALLEGED PLOT AT LIVERPOOL

REMARKABLE CASE

SEQUEL TO MOTOR LITIGATION.

Reference to "a gang which can only be described as legal banditti" was made by Mr. E. Wooll, in outlining the case for the prosecution at Liverpool Police Court when seven men appeared on various charges.

Mr. Wooll said that if the case put by the prosecution was sustained it would reveal a terrible, sustained, and deliberate attempt to poison and corrupt the administration of justice in Liverpool and the surrounding districts of Lancashire for some years.

"I know I am expressing the feelings of the legal profession," continued Mr. Wooll, "when I refer to and emphasise the regret with which they learn that Stephenson, a solicitor, is associated, even for however short a time, with such charges and in such company."

A "Clever Mind."

"The charges," he said, "involve an amazing degree of unscrupulousness, which has been controlled by an exceedingly clever mind, remarkably familiar with the machinery of the law and the possibilities that that knowledge will provide."

"It will be a long case and there will be 100 witnesses or more. The evidence will involve the reventilation of what has been the subject of something like 14 or 15 actions at the Assizes in the courts."

"Stephenson," he said, "has built up a position of exceptional prominence and success in his profession. He has been identified particularly with a form of litigation which now constitutes a greater portion of the law lists in every part of the country—litigation arising out of motor collisions. For the last few years he has been the solicitor appearing for probably a third of the accident cases entered for trial at local courts."

"His clerical associates involved in these charges are the defendants Isenwater and Feintuch," said Mr. Wooll. "Isenwater is 21, and if any of the charges against him are sustained he must be a youth of the most appalling precocity. He is only an articled clerk in Stephenson's office, and you will hear of the remarkable versatility, responsibility and curiosity of the legal enterprise which he was allowed to sustain in the office."

"The charges may be said to involve a most disastrous and unscrupulous abuse of the facilities and opportunities for plunder afforded by the abuse of the legal process," he added.

"In view of the pursuance of the legal banditti there was nothing that those concerned in it would not do, and one or another of the accused men is probably the one who controlled it. There has been shown an extraordinary knowledge of legal procedure and an extraordinary immorality capable of exploiting it."

Mr. Wooll had not concluded his opening speech when the Court adjourned.

of that country and recently passed through Holland to Germany. "It was during this passage that a little matter of 5,000 marks came up which led to his arrest here yesterday."

Since his return to Europe his movements have been followed by a variety of police forces which appear to be sceptical of his professions of faith and his alleged search for converts to the doctrine of nirvana. Various political aims and connections are attributed to him, and he has been under close surveillance ever since he arrived in Germany.

Last night he was about to begin a lecture on the philosophic basis of Buddhism when police without any appreciation of the contemplative bliss to be derived therefrom stepped in and arrested him.

PAGEANTRY AT ASSISI

FOUR COMPANIONS OF ST. FRANCIS

MEDIAEVAL RITUAL BY TORCHLIGHT

Assisi, Oct. 4.—With ceremonies rich in mystic beauty the dust of four of the favourite companions of Saint Francis has been gathered from its resting-place behind an altar in the basilica of St. Francis and placed alongside the grave of the Poverello in the crypt.

The four companions were Fra Leo, Fra Masseo, Fra Angelus, and Fra Rufino, and along with their remains there has also been transferred the dust of the Madonna Jacqueline, the Roman noblewoman and disciple of the Saint—all five of them Saints whose virtues and exploits are enshrined in literature as well as religion in "The Little Flowers of Saint Francis."

The remains, encased in urns of beaten bronze, were exposed yesterday in the Upper Church to the veneration of a continuous pilgrimage, and at sunset the ceremony of translation began, and a religious pageant of transcendent beauty enacted.

White Oxen.

All electric lamps were extinguished and the hill town was illuminated with the warm wavering lights of thousands of oil flares and torches. After solemn pontifical vespers, the five urns were placed on a mediaeval Umbrian wagon, painted and carved, to which were yoked three pairs of white oxen led by peasants in Fourteenth Century costumes. Over the wagon were spread rich brocades—priceless treasures of the basilica.

Horsemen of the Satriano led the way. Around the wagon were hooded Franciscan monks. Cloves of other Orders and men and women dressed as in the time of the Saint followed. The moving crowd and the kneeling multitude in the narrow streets all sang the "Hymn of Creation."

The Lower Church was in darkness and was only lit by the torches of the entering procession, the moving lights giving a new-found strange radiance to the wonderful frescoes which adorn the low vaulted Gothic roof and to the scene by Giotto on the walls.

In this golden glow the entrance of the holy urns was made to the music of a concealed orchestra of harps playing Franciscan music. It was a combination of all the arts in an apotheosis of beauty dedicated to religion.

Amid general emotion two Cardinals and the religious authorities descended into the recently restored crypt, and after solemn benediction the urns were placed in niches in congregation once more with their beloved master.

Bonfires on all the hills around the city of the Saint then flickered into brightness, making an encircling garland of gleams in the black night round Assisi.

THE "PIONEER" IN NEW HANDS

INDIAN PRINCES AS OWNERS

London, Nov. 4.—No less than nine ruling princes of India will shortly be among the shareholders of the "Pioneer," published at Allahabad and one of the best-known newspapers, which thus qualifies as the most royal of all royal newspapers.

A syndicate headed by J. P. Srivastava, Minister of Education in the United Provinces, has purchased the newspaper, in which the Maharajahs of Kashmir, Baroda, Gwalior, Travancore, Bikaner, Patiala, Jaipur and Bhavnagar and the Nawab of Bhopal have promised to buy shares according to information reaching London. Three of them, the Maharajahs of Kashmir, Baroda and Gwalior, are each entitled to salutes of 21 guns on ceremonial occasions. The Maharajah of Gwalior is only 10 years old, while the Maharajah of Travancore is only 20.

Needless to say, the policy of the newspaper under the royal directorate will be anti-Gandhi and anti-Indian "National" Congress. The acquisition of the paper is regarded with the greatest interest here, particularly by officials of the India Office, who are officially interested because of the tremendous influence wielded by the journal, and who are personally interested because one of their former colleagues, Mr. Edwin Howard, now editor of the "North China Daily News" at Shanghai, was editor of the "Pioneer" prior to his appointment to the India Office.

A RIDDLE OF THE SKIES

SOLAR EXPLOSION 1800 YEARS AGO

TEMPLE'S COMET MAY PROVIDE SOLUTION

More comets have been observed this year than ever before, and astronomers are expecting any night to pick up another, which may solve the riddle of an explosion on the edge of the solar system eighteen centuries ago.

The record for the greatest number of comets observed in a year was previously held by 1925, but with the report from America that the twelfth comet of the year is under observation at Yerkes Observatory on Lake Michigan, the record has now passed to 1932.

"The comet which astronomers are now eagerly looking for," Dr. A. C. Crommelin, formerly president of the Royal Astronomical Society informed a representative of the "Morning Post," "is Temple's comet, which has not been seen since 1306, and before that not since 1600."

"It is connected with the November meteors, and this year's appearance may solve the question of their origin. It is possible that they were thrown out together with the comet in A.D. 130 by the planet Uranus in some great eruption like that of Krakatoa, but many times more violent."

Caught and Deflected.

The older explanation, suggested by the famous French astronomer Leverrier, was that they entered the solar system from outer space at that date, passed too near to Uranus, and were caught and deflected into their present course.

"From the one accurately observed appearance of the comet in 1883, it is impossible to work back with certainty to so distant a date. But with this year's observations it should be possible to trace back the whole history of the comet."

"Then men have been engaged on behalf of the British Astronomical Association in working out the orbit of the comet from 1306 onwards, and we have been able to indicate the path in the sky which it may be expected to follow. The most probable time for its arrival is about the beginning of November, but it is possible that it might arrive at any time from now onwards."

NAVAL MOVEMENTS

U.S. ASIATIC FLEET DEPARTS.

Vice-Admiral Bachelot, the Commander-in-Chief of the French Asiatic Fleet, returned from Canton by train on Monday night, and will depart from Hong Kong aboard his flagship, the Primauguet, today. A luncheon party, to which H.E. the Officer Administering the Government, the Commodore and his Secretary was invited was held on board the Primauguet yesterday.

The Commander-in-Chief of the British China Squadron, Admiral Sir Howard Kelly, will arrive in Hong Kong on board H.M.S. Kent at 7 a.m. to-day. Admiral Kelly will remain in Hong Kong during the winter.

The Commander-in-Chief of the American Asiatic Fleet, Admiral M. M. Taylor, will arrive in Hong Kong on Saturday on board the U.S.S. Houston, which will escort the yacht Isabel (Lieut. Comdr. Grosskope) to Hong Kong. Commanding the flagship of the U.S. Asiatic Fleet is Captain Daves.

The Fifth Destroyer Flotilla of the U.S. Asiatic Fleet, preceded by the U.S.S. Black Hawk, departed for Manila at 6 o'clock yesterday morning, after a week in Hong Kong. The flotilla consisted of the U.S. destroyers Peary, Pillsbury, Pope, Whipple, Smith-Thompson, J. D. Edwards, Barker, Stewart, Parrott, Paul Jones and Edsall.

Remaining in port are the U.S.S. Mindango, U.S. gunboat Fulton and the Portuguese cruiser Adamastor.

The following message from the American Flotilla was received at Naval Headquarters yesterday:—"To all British ships. Best wishes from C.O. and crew of Destroyer Squadron 5. Our stay in Hong Kong has been most delightful, due to your courtesy and hospitality. Anticipate meeting you again very soon."

KING'S THEATRE

COMMENCING SUNDAY, 13th NOV.



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A hen is not supposed to have Much common sense or tact. Yet every time she lays an egg She cackles forth the fact.

A rooster hasn't got a lot 'Of intellect to show, But none the less most roosters have Enough good sense to crow.



The busy little bees they buzz, Bulls bellow and cows moo, The watch dog barks, the gander quacks, And doves and pigeons coo.

But man, the greatest masterpiece That nature could devise, Will often stop and hesitate Before he'll advertise.



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10 A.M.—12.30 P.M.
Millinery, Ladies Hats, Knitted Pure
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Indications point to a heavy demand
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believe in signs... but different
kinds! The one has flaunted a "for
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12, Sai Young Choi Street (Ground
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Ferry, with sanitary fittings and flab.
Rent moderate, apply **BAKILLY CO.**,
phone 22505.

TO LET—Second Floor, No. 5, CAM-
BAY BUILDINGS (No. 800, NATHAN
ROAD), Kowloon. Apply to: **CREDIT**
FONCIER D'EXTREME ORIENT.
FRENCH BANK BUILDING, 4th Floor.
Telephone No. 21063. [1895]

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modern conveniences and Garage.
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Leitchikok Bay, Area 500,000
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[2731]

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late 1929 model, excellent running
order also one fairly large G.E.C. Be-
tricator. Apply Now, The Asiatic
Petroleum Company. [329]

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TER, 1931 Model Practically
New, Machine in Perfect Condition.
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Kong Daily Press. [2755]

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Capacity 200 tons. Length 80 ft.,
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**INVENTORS DISPLAY
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**EX-OFFICER'S TUBE FOR
PROPELLERS**

**BARRISTER DEVISES SHOE
CUSHIONS**

London.—More than 300 new in-
ventions, from a combined water-
ing-can-bed-warmer-flower-vase to a
device to prevent "hoax" calls to
fire brigades, are displayed in the
eighth International Exhibition of
Inventions, which was opened at the
Central Hall, Westminster, by
Sir Maurice Jenks, the Lord Ma-
yor.

A retired officer of the Royal En-
gineers has invented an attachment
for the stern of ships, which he
claims will increase the propeller
efficiency by from 50 to 90 per cent.

The attachment consists of a fun-
nel enclosing the propeller and
designed to regulate the flow of the
water past it. When demonstrated
with an electrically driven model
boat the device increased the pull
of the boat in the proportion 35
to 55, as measured by a spring
balance.

The inventor, a representative of
the *Morning Post* was informed,
had spent over 20 years perfecting
his device, but it is understood that
it has not yet been applied to other
than model boats.

There is a set of cricket stumps
which will return automatically to
an upright position, to the benefit
of portly umpires. Golf clubs,
which are intended to overcome the
usual results when the player strikes
the ground before the ball, are also
exhibited.

An anti-theft device for cars not
only locks all doors and the bonnet
and gear levers, but as a final pre-
caution disconnects the ignition
system and automatically applies
the brakes.

Architect's Baby Feeder.

In many cases the professions of
the inventors present strange con-
trasts with the devices invented.
A naval architect has contributed
an automatic baby-feeder; a verger
a loud-speaker, a barrister a cus-
hion device for the soles and heels
of walking shoes, and an insurance
collector an intensive gas-cooker.

Exhibits have been received from
almost all parts of the world, in-
cluding some from Poland, Burma,
and Australia.

In the sphere of labour-saving
devices women are largely repre-
sented. The exhibition is organis-
ed by the Institute of Patentees.
Lord Asquith, the President of
the Institute, speaking at a lun-
cheon at St. Ermin's Hotel, West-
minster, read a cablegram of best
wishes from Senator Marconi.

It was not, said Lord Asquith,
the old men who were bringing
marvellous things into the world.
Two wonderful inventions had been
recently introduced by young men.
One was television. And two young
Cambridge men had discovered that
by bombarding a stream of atoms
with a "shell" amounting to
150,000 volts power they could se-
parate one in ten million atoms
and bring out a force infinitely
greater than would be supposed
from so small an object.
"What that may develop into the
brain reels at," said Lord Asquith.

LAMBERTS AUCTIONS

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received
Instructions

To Sell BY

PUBLIC AUCTION

ON

THURSDAY, NOV. 10, 1932

Commencing at 5.15 P.M.

At Their Sales Room,
No. 4 DUNDRELL STREET

**A COLLECTION OF VALU-
ABLE POSTAGE STAMPS**

ON VIEW FROM WEDNESDAY,
THE 9TH NOVEMBER, 1932.

**LAMBERT BROS.,
AUCTIONEERS**

**U.S. UNEMPLOYMENT
RELIEF**

**RELIEF WORKS FAIL TO
HAVE DESIRED EFFECT**

Washington Nov. 2.—Despite the
huge amounts of money appropri-
ated by Congress for public construc-
tion either by the United States or
through loans to the individual
states, less than \$33,500,000 has been
applied to construction now under
way, it was learned to-day. Public
construction as a relief measure has
failed to increase employment so far
and according to reports of the
Government agents, there is little
likelihood of further construction
before winter.

During the winter projects calling
for the expenditure of \$67,855,000
may be started but work on the
larger public buildings will not be
started until Spring. There is
available now \$300,000,000 for so-
called relief construction but the
Government and the states have not
taken full advantage of the pos-
sibilities, it was said to-day. The
States may borrow a total of more
than \$2,000,000,000 for relief and
relief construction. Some states re-
ported they were unable to borrow
under the restrictions imposed,
especially those governing repay-
ment.

Relief problems of the President's
Citizens' Relief Mobilisation were
considered more pressing to-day as
a result of the report and it was
expected that President Hoover
would again appeal to the citizens
to give greater aid than expected
through their local agencies.

**PARIS HAD 'PHONE
KIOSKS ONCE**

**BUT EVERYTHING WAS
STOLEN.**

Paris.—English visitors often won-
der why there are no public
telephone-boxes in Paris. The ex-
planation given by a Paris town
councillor is not complimentary to
the French public. He says that
the French are vandals, with no
respect for public property, and
that when a few telephone-boxes
were put up in the past by way of
experiment they failed to serve a
useful purpose.

Everything that could possibly be
removed was stolen within a few
days, including the telephone direc-
tories and the receivers. He could
not understand how the thieves
could dispose of the receivers, but
the fact remained that they had dis-
appeared.
Recognising, none the less, the
utility of public telephone-boxes,
the same town councillor asks that
Paris should be given another
chance. But, as he has no faith in
the Parisian respect for "public
property," he recommends that
these new boxes should have glass
windows on all four sides, that they
should be put up only in busy
streets, and that the directories
should be enclosed in a metal har-
ness and firmly chained to the wall.

GUY NEWALL

"This is the Night."

Sons of a doctor, both brothers graduated at Cambridge and were stout supporters of the famous "Footlights," Claude being a vice-president.

His early stage ambitions were roused by visits to circuses. In a gymnasium improvised in a garage Claude started to train as a aerob, but abandoned a neck-breaking pursuit eventually for aerob and trick dancing.

ADVERTISED SAILINGS FROM HONG KONG

NORTHWARD.

FROM HONG KONG TO COAST
PORTS AND JAPAN.

Amoy.

Anhui, B. & S., Nov. 13.
Hai Yang, Douglas, Nov. 15.
Taiyuan, B. & S., Nov. 17.
Ho Sang, Jardine's, Nov. 18.
Hai Ching, Douglas, Nov. 19.
Sirdhana, B.I.S.N. Co., Nov. 19.
Suisang, Jardine's, Dec. 2.
Tilawa, B.I.S.N. Co., Dec. 2.
Taima, B.I.S.N. Co., Dec. 18.
Santhin, B.I.S.N. Co., Dec. 30.

Ochofo.

Nanning, B. & S., Nov. 11.
Luchow, B. & S., Nov. 14.
Hopsang, Jardine's, Nov. 18.
Yatsing, Jardine's, Nov. 29.

Daly.

Chenan, B. & S., Nov. 11.
Sarpedon, B. & S., Nov. 12.
Tein, B. & S., Nov. 19.
Patroclus, B. & S., Dec. 10.

Fochow.

Chenan, B. & S., Nov. 11.
Hai Ning, Douglas, Nov. 11.
Hai Yang, Douglas, Nov. 15.
Hopsang, Jardine's, Nov. 18.
Hai Ching, Douglas, Nov. 19.
Yatsing, Jardine's, Nov. 29.

Japan Ports.

Duisburg, Jenson, Nov. 10.
Katori Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 12.
Pres. Madison, A.M. Line, Nov. 12.
Beigal Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 13.
Taiyo Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 15.
Atsuta Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 19.
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., Nov. 18.
Ho Sang, Jardine's, Nov. 18.
Sirdhana, B.I.S.N. Co., Nov. 19.
Ranpura, P. & O., Nov. 18.
Eummeus, B. & S., Nov. 20.
Trave, Melchers, Dec. 2.
Pres. McKinley, Dollar, Nov. 22.
Ision, B. & S., Nov. 22.
Agamemnon, B. & S., Nov. 23.
Malwa, P. & O., Nov. 23.
Pres. Cleveland, A.M. Line, Nov. 26.
Oldenburg, Jenson, Nov. 29.
Aller, Melchers, Nov. 30.
Chidibi Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 30.
Taima, Gilman's, Nov. 30.
Conte Rosso, Dodwell's, Dec. 2.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Dec. 2.
Kaiser-I-Hind, P. & O., Dec. 2.
Suisang, Jardine's, Dec. 5.
Fusijama, Dodwell's, Dec. 5.
Menelaus, B. & S., Dec. 5.
Bokuyo Maru, N.Y.K., Dec. 6.
Danmark, Manners, Dec. 6.
Pres. Grant, Dollar, Dec. 7.
Pheimus, B. & S., Dec. 9.
Sauerland, Jenson, Dec. 10.
Tatsuta Maru, N.Y.K., Dec. 14.
Emp. of Japan, C.P.S., Dec. 16.
Ranchi, P. & O., Dec. 16.
Taima, B.I.S.N. Co., Dec. 16.
Tantalus, B. & S., Dec. 17.
Trier, Melchers, Dec. 18.
Peiping, Gilman's, Dec. 20.
Pres. Lincoln, Dollar, Dec. 21.
Pres. Jefferson, A.M. Line, Dec. 24.
Havel, Melchers, Dec. 28.
Burduwan, P. & O., Dec. 29.
Java, Manners, Dec. 29.
Carthage, P. & O., Dec. 30.
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., Dec. 30.
Santhin, B.I.S.N. Co., Dec. 30.

Newchwang.

Chenan, B. & S., Nov. 11.
Liangchow, B. & S., Nov. 14.
Tein, B. & S., Nov. 19.

Ningpo.

Kanchow, B. & S., Nov. 10.

Pukow.

Machao, B. & S., Dec. 10.

Santao.

Chenan, B. & S., Nov. 11.

Shanghai.

Duisburg, Jenson, Nov. 10.
Kanchow, B. & S., Nov. 11.
Angkor, Messageries, Nov. 11.
City of Singapore, Bank Line, Nov. 11.

Kwangtung.

Kwangtung, B. & S., Nov. 11.
Nanning, B. & S., Nov. 11.
Katori Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 12.
Pres. Madison, A.M. Line, Nov. 12.
Sarpedon, B. & S., Nov. 12.
Anhui, B. & S., Nov. 13.
Kwaisang, Jardine's, Nov. 13.
Luchow, B. & S., Nov. 13.
Shantung, B. & S., Nov. 13.
Luchow, B. & S., Nov. 14.
Sinkiang, B. & S., Nov. 15.
Taiyo Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 15.
Sandviken, Jardine's, Nov. 18.
Kiungchow, B. & S., Nov. 17.
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., Nov. 18.
Noleus, B. & S., Nov. 18.
Ranpura, P. & O., Nov. 18.
Sirdhana, B.I.S.N. Co., Nov. 19.
Fumang, B. & S., Nov. 20.
Hopsang, Jardine's, Nov. 20.
Trave, Melchers, Nov. 20.
Pres. McKinley, Dollar, Nov. 22.
Aramis, Messageries, Nov. 23.
Hopsang, Jardine's, Nov. 23.
Soudan, P. & O., Nov. 23.
Agamemnon, B. & S., Nov. 26.
Malwa, P. & O., Nov. 26.
Pres. Cleveland, A.M. Line, Nov. 26.

Oldenburg.

Oldenburg, Jenson, Nov. 29.
Aller, Melchers, Nov. 30.
Chidibi Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 30.
Taima, Gilman's, Nov. 30.
Conte Rosso, Dodwell's, Dec. 2.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Dec. 2.
Kaiser-I-Hind, P. & O., Dec. 2.
Suisang, Jardine's, Dec. 5.
Fusijama, Dodwell's, Dec. 5.
Menelaus, B. & S., Dec. 5.
Danmark, Manners, Dec. 6.

Danmark.

Danmark, Manners, Dec. 6.

Manners.

Manners, Dec. 6.

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Manners, Dec. 6.

Victoria, B.C.

Pres. Madison, A.M. Line, Nov. 12.
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., Nov. 18.
Ixon, B. & S., Nov. 23.
Pres. Cleveland, A.M. Line, Nov. 26.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Dec. 2.
Pres. Taft, A.M. Line, Dec. 10.
Emp. of Japan, C.P.S., Dec. 16.
Tantalus, B. & S., Dec. 17.
Pres. Jefferson, A.M. Line, Dec. 24.
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., Dec. 30.

SOUTHWARD.

FROM HONG KONG TO COAST
PORTS, MANILA, AUSTRALIA.

Australian Ports, East.

Taiyuan, B. & S., Nov. 10.
Kitano Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 12.
Tanda, E. & A. S. Co., Dec. 2.
Deucalion, B. & S., Dec. 7.
Change, B. & S., Dec. 20.
Sarpedon, B. & S., Dec. 21.
Atsuta Maru, N.Y.K., Dec. 21.

Bangkok.

Mainam, Manners, Nov. 11.
Hiram, Thoresen, Nov. 13.
Kwaisang, Jardine's, Nov. 13.
Kwaisang, Jardine's, Nov. 13.
Kwaisang, Jardine's, Nov. 13.

Batavia.

Tjibadak, J.C.J.L., Nov. 22.
Deucalion, B. & S., Dec. 7.
Mentor, B. & S., Dec. 9.
Sarpedon, B. & S., Dec. 21.

Halpang.

Chengtu, B. & S., Nov. 11.
Yalou, Messageries, Nov. 14.
Kingyuan, B. & S., Nov. 18.

Hothow.

Chengtu, B. & S., Nov. 11.
Kingyuan, B. & S., Nov. 18.

Macassar.

Tjibadak, J.C.J.L., Nov. 22.

Manila.

Rhexenor, B. & S., Nov. 11.
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., Nov. 12.
Pres. Harrison, Dollar, Nov. 13.
Pres. McKinley, Dollar, Nov. 13.
Tjibadak, J.C.J.L., Nov. 15.
Taiping, B. & S., Nov. 18.
Fulda, Melchers, Dec. 10.
Pres. Cleveland, A.M. Line, Nov. 19.

Pres. McKinley.

Pres. McKinley, Dollar, Nov. 22.
Empress of Russia, C.P.S., Nov. 24.
Kitano Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 26.
Pres. Hayes, Dollars, Nov. 26.
Pres. Grant, Dollar, Nov. 26.
Nanking, Gilman's, Nov. 26.
Tanda, E. & A. S. Co., Dec. 2.
Emp. of Japan, C.P.S., Dec. 9.
Mentor, B. & S., Dec. 9.
Pres. Pierce, Dollars, Dec. 10.
Pres. Lincoln, Dollar, Dec. 13.
Keemun, B. & S., Dec. 14.
Change, B. & S., Dec. 20.
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., Dec. 22.
Atsuta Maru, N.Y.K., Dec. 24.
Pres. Monroe, Dollars, Dec. 24.
Taima, Gilman's, Dec. 29.

Casablanca.

Bangalore, P. & O., Nov. 12.
Diomed, B. & S., Nov. 22.
Lahn, Melchers, Dec. 1.
Aller, Melchers, Dec. 29.

Brindisi.

Tergesta, Dodwell's, Nov. 30.
Conte Rosso, Dodwell's, Dec. 11.

Calcutta.

Santhin, B.I.S.N. Co., Nov. 14.
Akita Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 15.
Kwaisang, Jardine's, Nov. 15.
Yuensang, Jardine's, Nov. 24.
Takada, B.I.S.N. Co., Nov. 29.
Malacca Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 29.
Sirdhana, B.I.S.N. Co., Dec. 9.
Tilawa, B.I.S.N. Co., Dec. 26.

Columbo.

Terukuni Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 11.
Bangalore, P. & O., Nov. 12.
Ginyo Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 12.
Pres. Harrison, Dollar, Nov. 13.
Fainn Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 15.
Corfu, P. & O., Nov. 19.
Fulda, Melchers, Nov. 19.
Aeneas, B. & S., Nov. 22.
G. Metzinger, Messageries, Nov. 22.
Kidderpore, P. & O., Nov. 23.
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 23.
Pres. Hayes, Dollars, Nov. 26.
Angkor, Messageries, Nov. 29.
Tergesta, Dodwell's, Nov. 30.
Lahn, Melchers, Dec. 1.
Commorin, P. & O., Dec. 3.
Aramis, Messageries, Dec. 6.
Bhutan, P. & O., Dec. 10.
Kaiser-I-Hind, P. & O., Dec. 31.

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Terukuni Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 11.
Bangalore, P. & O., Nov. 12.
Ginyo Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 12.
Pres. Harrison, Dollar, Nov. 13.
Fainn Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 15.
Corfu, P. & O., Nov. 19.
Fulda, Melchers, Nov. 19.
Aeneas, B. & S., Nov. 22.
G. Metzinger, Messageries, Nov. 22.
Kidderpore, P. & O., Nov. 23.
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 23.
Pres. Hayes, Dollars, Nov. 26.
Angkor, Messageries, Nov. 29.
Tergesta, Dodwell's, Nov. 30.
Lahn, Melchers, Dec. 1.
Commorin, P. & O., Dec. 3.
Aramis, Messageries, Dec. 6.
Bhutan, P. & O., Dec. 10.
Kaiser-I-Hind, P. & O., Dec. 31.

Algiers.

Nanking, Gilman's, Nov. 29.
Taima, Gilman's, Dec. 29.

Amsterdam.

Fulda, Melchers, Nov. 19.
Nanking, Gilman's, Nov. 29.
Lahn, Melchers, Dec. 1.
Trave, Melchers, Dec. 10.
Aller, Melchers, Dec. 29.
Taima, Gilman's, Dec. 29.

Antwerp.

Terukuni Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 11.
Bangalore, P. & O., Nov. 12.
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 26.
Bhutan, P. & O., Dec. 10.
Oldenburg, Jenson, Dec. 27.
Soudan, P. & O., Jan. 7.

Barcelona.

Kulmerland, Jenson, Nov. 13.
Fulda, Melchers, Nov. 19.

Beyrouth.

Dakar Maru, N.Y.K., Dec. 10.

Beyrouth.

Dakar Maru, N.Y.K., Dec. 10.

Bombay.

Ginyo Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 12.
Pres. Harrison, Dollar, Nov. 13.
Taima Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 15.
Corfu, P. & O., Nov. 19.
Kidderpore, P. & O., Nov. 23.
Pres. Hayes, Dollars, Nov. 26.
Tergesta, Dodwell's, Nov. 30.
Mentor, B. & S., Dec. 9.
Bhutan, P. & O., Dec. 10.
Pres. Pierce, Dollars, Dec. 10.
Conte Rosso, Dodwell's, Dec. 11.
Ranpura, P. & O., Dec. 17.
Pres. Monroe, Dollars, Dec. 24.
Kaiser-I-Hind, P. & O., Dec. 31.
Soudan, P. & O., Jan. 7.

Bombay.

